

[These financial statements have not been audited]

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

GENERAL INFORMATION

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Emalahleni Municipality is a local municipality performing the functions as set out in the Constitution. (Act no 108 of 1996)

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN AND LEGAL FORM

Emalahleni Municipality is a South African Category B Municipality (Local Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act. (Act no 117 of 1998)

JURISDICTION

The Emalahleni Municipality includes the following towns and surrounding rural areas:

Dordrecht Indwe Lady Frere

MUNICIPAL MANAGER

Dr. S. W. Vatala

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

GP De Jager

REGISTERED OFFICE

Emalahleni Municipality; 37 Indwe Road; Lady Frere; 5410

AUDITORS

Office of the Auditor General

PRINCIPLE BANKERS

Standard Bank; 92 Cathcart RD; Queenstown; 5320

RELEVANT LEGISLATION

Municipal Finance Management Act (Act no 56 of 2003)

Division of Revenue Act

The Income Tax Act

Value Added Tax Act

Municipal Structures Act (Act no 117 of 1998)

Municipal Systems Act (Act no 32 of 2000)

Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations

Water Services Act (Act no 108 of 1997)

Housing Act (Act no 107 of 1997)

Municipal Property Rates Act (Act no 6 of 2004)

Electricity Act (Act no 41 of 1987)

Skills Development Levies Act (Act no 9 of 1999)

Employment Equity Act (Act no 55 of 1998)

Unemployment Insurance Act (Act no 30 of 1966)

Basic Conditions of Employment Act (Act no 75 of 1997)

Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005

Collective Agreements

Infrastructure Grants

SALBC Leave Regulations

MEMBERS OF THE EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY

COUNCILLORS

1 Nyukwana, N.	Mayor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8
2 Lali, N.	Speaker	ANC	Speaker Ward 13
3 Liwani, S.	Chief Whip	ANC	Executive Committee Ward 6
4 Kalolo, D.S.	Executive Committee	ANC	Executive Committee Ward 7
5 Kulashe, T.	Executive Committee	ANC	Executive Committee Ward 11
6 Twala, B.P.	Executive Committee	ANC	Executive Committee Ward 10
7 Nkasela, K.	Executive Committee part time	ANC	Executive Committee Ward 2
8 Mooi, L.	Chariperson of Section 79 Committee	ANC	Ward Councillor 2
9 Koni, N.F.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 1
10 Ziduli, N.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 3
11 Bobotyana, H.C.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 4
12 Mapete, P.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 5
13 Qashani, N.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 6
14 Peter, N.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 7
15 Nobaza, P.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 8
16 Dudumashe, T.R.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 9
17 Gwegwana, L.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 10
18 Teka, Z.H.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 11
19 Dyonase, Z.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 12
20 Kraqa, N.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 13
21 Godla, M.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 14
22 Mnyuko, S.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 15
23 Komani, B.	Councillor	ANC	Ward Councillor 16
24 Papiso, Z.	Councillor	ANC	Proportional Ward 17
25 Jordaan, V.	Councillor	ANC	Proportional Ward 4
26 Dlikilili, N.	Councillor	UDM	Proportional Ward 14
27 Holana, N.	Councillor	ANC	Proportional Ward 17
28 Ndlela, T.R.	Councillor	DA	Proportional Ward 12
29 Mjezu, K.	Councillor	UDM	Proportional Ward 10
30 Greyling, P.	Councillor	DA	Proportional Ward 14
31 Mketsu, Z.	Councillor	COPE	Proportional Ward 5
32 Kwatshana, T.	Councillor	PAM	Proportional Ward 16
33 Sixishe, TD.	Councillor	ANC	Proportional Ward 3
34 Boklaini, SN	Councillor	ANC	Proportional Ward 10

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements year ended 30 June 2015, which are set out on pages 1 to \$\forall in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality. The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GRAP.

I acknowledge that I am ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control and that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records can be relied on.

I have reviewed the Municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2016 and is satisfied that the Municipality can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently reviewing and reporting on the Municipality's financial statements.

I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

Dr. S. W. Vatala

ACCOUNTING OFFICER

30 AUGUST 2015

Date

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	2016 R	2015 R
NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Net Assets		410 145 516	406 169 906
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		410 145 516	406 169 906
Non-Current Liabilities		7 000 234	6 241 284
Long-term Liabilities Employee benefits	2 3	295 485 6 704 748	546 924 5 694 360
Non-Current Provisions	4	(0)	0
Current Liabilities	·	40 974 839	37 201 143
Current Employee benefits Provisions Payables from exchange transactions	5 4 6	7 129 458 10 525 917 21 809 158	7 097 272 11 514 635 17 977 075
Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	7	1 157 442	348 701
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	2	352 864	263 459
Liabilities associated with Discontinued Operations	48.1		2 265 864
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		458 120 588	451 878 197
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		412 848 269	395 298 224
Property, Plant and Equipment	9	408 287 626	388 475 177
Investment Property	10	4 247 340	6 433 760
Capitalised Restoration cost	11	420.767	206 751
Intangible Assets Heritage Assets	12 13	130 767 182 536	182 536
Helitage Assets		102 000	
Current Assets		45 272 319	56 579 971
Receivables from exchange transactions	14	7 469 630	18 389 276
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	15	2 826 452	4 192 596
Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	7		
Operating Lease Asset	16	82 746	77 416
VAT	8	6 597 929 28 295 562	2 144 284 31 776 400
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17	20 293 302	31 770 400
Total Assets		458 120 588	451 878 197

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

		2016	2015	2015 Correction	2015 Previously
	Notes	Actual	Restated	of Error	reported
DENENHE		R	R	R	R
REVENUE					
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions	-	181 677 990	148 389 883		148 389 883
Taxation Revenue		3 744 290	3 719 278	-	3 719 278
Property rates	18	3 744 290	3 719 278	-	3 719 278
Transfer Revenue		175 804 259	143 279 952	-	143 279 952
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	19	30 614 700	30 399 227	-	30 399 227
Government Grants and Subsidies	19	145 189 559	112 880 725	-	112 880 725
Other Revenue		2 129 440	1 390 653	-	1 390 653
Actuarial Gains		164 568	926 454	-	926 454
Reversal of Impairment		635 644	10 341	-	10 341
Reversal of contribution landfill site rehabilitation cost		988 718	-		-
Fines		81 510	107 783	-	107 783
Contributed Assets		259 000	346 075	-	346 075
Revenue from Exchange Transactions		22 462 553	22 244 529		22 244 529
Service Charges	20	11 598 216	11 179 543	-	11 179 543
Rental of Facilities and Equipment		739 596	720 791	-	720 791
Interest Earned - external investments	21	3 846 124	3 349 949	1	3 349 949
Interest Earned - outstanding debtors	21	4 632 959	3 929 602	-	3 929 602
Licences and Permits		444 382	462 097	-	462 097
Agency Services		58 723	65 702	-	65 702
Other Income	22	782 563	2 536 845	-	2 536 845
Gain on disposal of Property,Plant and Equipment		359 990			
Total Revenue		204 140 543	170 634 411	-	170 634 411
EXPENDITURE					
Employee related costs	23	53 213 170	42 787 564	4 955	42 782 608
Remuneration of Councillors	24	10 884 836	10 103 758		10 103 758
Debt Impairment	25	7 787 477	13 567 042		13 567 042
Depreciation and Amortisation	26	22 801 615	23 007 507	940 990	22 066 517
Impairments	10,11,12	-	9 247 688	-	9 247 688
Repairs and Maintenance	28	7 019 692	5 285 970	202 671	5 083 299
Finance Charges	27	622 053	786 929	-	786 929
Bulk Purchases	29	15 628 893	14 809 208	-	14 809 208
Contracted services		4 822 446	5 614 118	49 728	5 564 390
Other Operating Grant Expenditure	30	28 906 458	23 215 456	155 000	23 060 456
General Expenses	31	41 553 053	34 569 792	997 937	33 571 856
Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		9 191 107	1 147 498	-	1 147 498
Total Expenditure		202 430 798	184 142 530	2 351 280	181 791 250
Discontinued Operations	48.2	(2 265 864)	-	-	-
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		3 975 608	(13 508 119)	(2 351 280)	(11 156 838)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	Total
	R	R
Balance at 1 JULY 2014	469 543 323	469 543 323
Correction of errors	(49 865 298)	(49 865 298)
Restated Balance at 1 JULY 2014 Net Deficit for the year	419 678 025 (13 508 119)	419 678 025 (13 508 119)
Balance at 30 JUNE 2015 Net Surplus for the year	406 169 906 3 975 608	406 169 906 3 975 608
Balance at 30 JUNE 2016	410 145 514	410 145 514

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	30 JUNE 2016 R	30 JUNE 2015 R
Receipts Ratepayers and other Government - operating Government - capital Interest	19 19	23 739 723 145 189 559 30 614 700 8 479 083	(1 107 62(112 880 72! 28 981 27! 7 279 55(
Payments Suppliers Employees Councillors Finance charges Cash generated by operations	23 24 28 33	(104 144 665) (47 904 202) (10 884 836) (120 034) 44 969 328	(78 877 39 (40 841 93 (10 103 75) (57 78) 18 153 06
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds on disposal of PPE Purchase of Heritage Assets	13	(48 503 117) 359 989	(36 827 58 (58 53
Purchase of Intended Assets Net Cash from Investing Activities	12	(10 950) (48 154 078)	(70 06 (36 956 18
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Loans repaid (Decrease)/Increase in Consumer Deposits		(296 088)	(413 72
Net Cash from Financing Activities		(296 088)	(413 72
NET (INCREASE) /DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3 480 837)	(19 216 85
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	34	31 776 400 28 295 562	50 993 28 31 776 40
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3 480 838)	(19 216 8

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TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY

COMMUNITY WEALTH
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)

EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2016

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

Explanations for material variances more than 10% of a specific line-item with a	minimum of R2 million																		0-
	Ж	%86.95	-71.08%	316.07%		-33.99%	-12.18%	25.74%			100.00%	14.27%		-1.50%			-12.66%	-12.66%	
2016 R	(Variance)	2 272 122 9 445 440	(18 361 370)	7 222 127	578 319	(2 186 660)	(56 613 374)	26 767 (464)	(58 772 731)	(58 194 412)	102 864	2 867 600	61 839	(4 515) 1 187 748	1 183 234	1 245 072	(59 439 484)	(59 439 484)	-59 439 484
2016 R	(Final Budget)	16 578 000	25 831 000	2 285 000	44 694 000	6 434 000	464 901 000	104 000	471 621 000	516 315 000	250 000	20 099 000	40 913 000	300 000 5 517 000	5 817 000	46 730 000	469 585 000	469 585 000	469 585 000
2016 R	(Actual)	2 272 122 26 023 440	7 469 630	9 507 127	45 272 319	4 247 340	408 287 626	130 767	412 848 269	458 120 588	352 864	22 966 600	40 974 839	295 485 6 704 748	7 000 234	47 975 072	410 145 516	410 145 516	410 145 516

Borrowing Trade and other payables Provisions and Employee Benefits

Total current liabilities Non current liabilities

Non current assets Investment property Property, plant and equipment Infangible Assets Heritage Assets

Total current assets

Inventory

Total non current assets

TOTAL ASSETS

LIABILITIES Current liabilities

ASSETS
Current assets
Cash
Call investment deposits

Consumer debtors
Other Receivables

Borrowing Provisions and Employee Benefits

Total non current liabilities

TOTAL LIABILITIES

NET ASSETS

EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2016

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	Explanations for material variances more than 10% of a specific line-item with a	minimum of R1 million																							(0)
		%	-100%	-19%	375%	-57%	-100%		-23%	7%	18%	TOON			104%	183%		46%	-42%			%0	%0	•	٥
2016	œ	(Final Budget)		16 578 000	25 831 000	2 285 000		44 694 000	6 434 000	464 901 000	104 000	183 000	471 621 000	516 315 000	20 099 000	20 564 000 250 000	40 913 000	300 000	5 517 000	5 817 000	46 730 000	469 585 000	469 585 000		469 585 000
2016	œ	(Adjustments)	(577 000)	(4 001 000)	20 394 000	(3 080 000)	(650 000)	12 086 000	(1 960 000)	7 737 000	16 000		5 793 000	17 879 000	10 224 000	13 296 000	23 520 000	(251 000)	(3 929 000)	(4 180 000)	19 340 000	(1 461 000)	(1 529 000)		(1 529 000)
2016	R (Approved	Budget)	277 000	20 579 000	5 437 000	5 365 000	650 000	32 608 000	8 394 000	457 164 000	88 000		465 646 000	498 254 000	9 875 000	7 268 000	17 143 000	551 000	9 446 000	000 266 6	27 140 000	471 114 000	471 114 000		471 114 000

LIABILITIES
Current liabilities
Trade and other payables
Provisions and Employee Benefits
Borrowing

Total current liabilities Non current liabilities

Non current assets Investment property Property, plant and equipment Intangible Assets Other Assets

Total non current assets

TOTAL ASSETS

Call investment deposits Consumer deblors Other Receivables

ASSETS Current assets

Cash

Total current assets

Inventory

Borrowing Provisions and Employee Benefits

Total non current liabilities

TOTAL LIABILITIES

NET ASSETS

TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY

COMMUNITY WEALTH
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)

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EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

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				III.	COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO TIMAL BODGE.	rigones io i ann a		
	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	2016 B	
	<u>w</u>	×	¥	R Special Adjustments / Unforeseen & Unavoidable	¥	£	4	
	(Actual)	(Adjustment Budget)	(Variance)		(Final Budget)	(Variance)	*	Explanations for material variances more than 10% of a specific line-item with a minimum of R2 million
REVENUE BY SOURCE								
Property rales	3 744 290	3 443 000	301 290	č	•		8.0%	
Service chardes	11 598 216	11 530 000	68 216				%9.0	
Rental of facilities and equipment	739 596	733 000	969 9		•		%6.0	
Interest earned - external investments	3 846 124	3 399 000	447 124				11.6%	
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	4 632 959	4 114 000	518 959		•		11.2%	
Fines	81 510	119 000	(37 490)		•		-46.0%	
Licences and permits	444 382	822 000	(377 618)		•		-85.0%	
Agency services	58 723	74 000	(15 277)				-26.0%	
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	145 189 559	145 427 000	(237 441)				-0.2%	
Other revenue	1 582 775	643 000	939 775	•	,		59.4%	
Reversal of contribution landfill site rehabilitation cost	988 718						0.0%	
Gain on disposal of Property Plant and Fourithment	359 990	410 000	(50 010)				-13.9%	
Contributed Assets	259 000		259 000			259 000		
Total Operating Revenue	173 525 843	170 716 000	1 823 124	ī		259 000		
EXPENDITURE BY TYPE	53 243 170	54 768 000	(1 554 830)		,		-2.9%	
Remineration of councillors	10 884 836	10 896 000	(11 164)		•		-0.1%	
Debt impairment	7 787 477	2 300 000	5 487 477	,	,		70.5%	
Depreciation & asset impairment	22 801 615	24 432 000	(1 630 385)	•	•		-7.2%	
Finance charges	622 053	200 000	122 053				19.6%	
Bulk purchases	15 628 893	18 040 000	(2 411 107)	•	•		-15.4%	
Contracted services	4 822 446	3 980 000	842 446	,	•		17.5%	
Other expenditure	77 479 202	86 374 000	(8 894 798)	·			-11.5%	
Loss on disposal of PPE	9 191 107	,	9 191 107		1	9 191 107		
Total Operating Expenditure	202 430 798	201 289 000	1 141 798	·	1	9 191 107	%9.0	
Operating Deficit for the year	(28 904 956)	(30 573 000)	1 668 044	,	4: 3	(8 932 107)	-5.8%	
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	30 614 700	30 619 000	(nne)					
Net Surplus for the year	1 709 744	42 000	1 667 744			21 682 593	97.5%	

EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	Explanations for material variances more than 10% of a specific line-item with a minimum of R1 million	23% 28% 16% 55% 0% 46% 34% 11% 11% 77% 77% 0% -1% 44% 0%
2016 R	(Final Year-and Budget)	
2016 R	Final Virements	
2016 R	(Final Budget)	
2016 R	Final Adjustments	
2016 R	Special Adjustments / Unforeseen & Unavoidable	
2016 R	(Adjustment Budget)	3 443 000 11 530 000 3 399 000 4 114 000 119 000 145 427 000 643 000 110 000 170 716 000 2 300 000 18 64 32 000 2 442 000 3 896 374 000 86 373 000) 30 615 000 42 000
2016 R	(Adjustments)	592 000 (4 486 000) 10 000 1213 000 1433 000 (710 000) (1 274 000) 1674 000 176 000 176 000 177 000) 177 000) 177 000) 177 000) 177 000) 177 000) 177 000) 178 300 000)
2016 R	(Approved Budget)	2 851 000 16 016 000 2 186 000 2 186 000 2 561 000 1 1522 000 1 345 000 143 753 000 447 000 1 730 000 1 730 000 1 30 000 2 24 503 000 2 24 503 000 2 25 350 000 1 1055 000 1 1155 000
	REVENUE BY SOURCE	Property rates Service charges Rental of facilities and equipment Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - outstanding deblors Fines Licences and permits Agency services Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Other revenue Gains on Disposal of PPE Total Operating Revenue EXPENDITURE BY TYPE Employee related costs Remuneration of counciliers Debt impalment Depreciation & asset impalment Finance charges Bulk purchases Contracted services Grants and subsidies paid Other expenditure Total Operating Expenditure Total Operating Expenditure Total Operating Expenditure Agency and Subsidies - Capital Net Surplus/[Deficit) for the year

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EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

Explanations for material variances more than 10% of a specific line-item with a minimum of R1 million					
w B3	173% 0% 0% 13%	4%-76%	-3%	14%	0%
2016 R (Variance)	15 058 723 (237 441) (300) 966 083	(5 797 703) 379 966	1 382 922	(36 088)	1 346 834 400 11 717 562
2016 R (Final Budget)	8 681 000 145 427 000 30 615 000 7 513 000	(157 136 000) (500 000) - 34 600 000	(49 537 000)	(260 000)	(15 198 000) 31 776 000 16 578 000
2016 R (Actual)	23 739 723 145 189 559 30 614 700 8 479 083	(162 933 703) (120 034) - - 44 969 328	(48 154 078)	(296 088)	(3 480 838) 31 776 400 28 295 562
	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts Ratepayers and other Government - operating Government - capital Interest	Payments Suppliers and Employees Finance charges Transfers and Grants NET CASH FROM(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments Capital assets NET CASH FROM(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments Repayment of borrowing NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	NET INCREASE(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year

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STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	Explanations for material variances more than 10% of a specific line-item with a minimum of R1 million										
	%	-66% 1% 0% 54%	8% -32% -100%			17%					-6%
2016 R	(Final Budget)	8 681 000 145 427 000 30 615 000 7 513 000	(157 136 000) (500 000)	34 600 000		(49 537 000)	(49 537 000)	(260 000)	(260 000)	(15 198 000)	31 776 000 16 578 000
2016 R	(Adjustments)	(17 052 000) 1 674 000 2 646 000	(11 056 000) 230 000 28 390 000	4 832 000		(7 022 000)	(7 022 000)	(255 000)	(255 000)	(2 445 000)	(2 132 000) (4 578 000)
2016 R	(Approved Budget)	25 733 000 143 753 000 30 615 000 4 867 000	(146 080 000) (730 000) (28 390 000)	29 768 000		(42 515 000)	(42 515 000)	(5 000)	(5 000)	(12 752 000)	33 908 000 21 156 000
	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts	Ratepayers and other Government - operating Government - capital Interest	Suppliers and Employees Finance charges Transfers and Grants	NET CASH FROM(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Payments Capital assets	NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments Repayment of borrowing	NET CASH FROM(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES APPLIED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and effective standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the GRAP reporting framework , have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8, 10 and 11 of GRAP 3 (Revised – March 2012) and the hierarchy approved in Directive 5 issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The Municipality resolved to early adopt the following GRAP standards which have been issued but are not effective yet.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption has been granted, are disclosed below.

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated otherwise. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

In terms of Directive 7: "The Application of Deemed Cost on the Adoption of Standards of GRAP" issued by the Accounting Standards Board, the Municipality applied deemed cost to Investment Property, Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined.

1.2. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Amounts reflected in the financial statements are in South African Rand and at actual values. Financial values are rounded to the nearest one Rand.

1.3. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1.4. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where material accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

1.5 AMENDED DISCLOSURE POLICY

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the annual financial statements. The principal amendments to matters disclosed in the current financial statements include errors.

1.6. MATERIALITY

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decision or assessments of users made on the basis of the annual financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatements judged in the surrounding circumstances. The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor. Materiality is determined as 1% of total expenditure. This materiality is from management's perspective and does not correlate with the auditor's materiality.

1.7. PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The presentation of budget information is prepared in accordance with GRAP 24 and based on the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations format. The comparison of budget and actual amounts are disclosed as separate additional financial statements, namely Statements of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

Budget information is presented on the accrual basis and is based on the same period as the actual amounts, i.e. 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015. The budget information is therefore on a comparable basis to the actual amounts.

The comparable information includes the following:

- the approved and final budget amounts;
- actual amounts and final budget amounts;

Explanations for differences between the approved and final budget are included in the Statements of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts.

Explanations for material differences between the final budget amounts and actual amounts are included the Statements of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts. Material differences are being defined by Management as 10% of a specific line-item with a minimum of R1 million.

The disclosure of comparative information in respect of the previous period is not required in terms of GRAP 24.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1.8. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

GRAP 18 Segment Reporting is effective from 1 April 2015. The implementation of GRAP 18 is delayed, in terms of Directive 5, for municipalities for the 2015/16 financial year.

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Municipality:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosure	Unknown
(Original – June 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to ensure that an Municipality's financial statements contains the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.	
	The Municipality resolved to formulate an accounting policy based on the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20. The information is therefore included in the financial statements.	
GRAP 32	Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor	Unknown
(Original – Aug 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the grantor and a public sector entity. No significant impact is expected as the	
	Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	
GRAP 105 (Original – Nov 2010)	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer and transferor in a transfer of functions between entities under common control.	1 April 2015
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions and no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 106 (Original – Nov 2010)	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control	1 April 2015
•	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer in a transfer of	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	functions between entities not under common control. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions and no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 107 (Original – Nov 2010)	Mergers The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the combined entity and combining entities in a merger. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions and no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	1 April 2015
GRAP 108 (Original – Sept 2013)	Statutory Receivables The objective of this Standard is to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables. The Municipality has revolved to adopt the principles as set out in GRAP 108 to formulate its own accounting policy.	Unknown
IGRAP 11	Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities (SPE) The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe under what circumstances an entity should consolidate a SPE. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any SPE's at this stage.	1 April 2015
IGRAP 12	Jointly Controlled Entities non-monetary contributions The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe the treatment of profit/loss when an asset is sold or contributed by the venturer to a Jointly Controlled Entity (JCE). No significant impact is expected as the Municipality	1 April 2015
	does not have any JCE's at this stage.	

These standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the Municipality once implemented.

1.9. LEASES

1.9.1 Municipality as Lessee

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the Municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets (excluding licensing agreements for such items as motion picture films, video recordings, plays, manuscripts, patents and copyrights) subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the Municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment, investment property or intangibles assets. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined expenses and actual payments made will give rise to a liability. The Municipality recognises the aggregate benefit of incentives as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

1.9.2 Municipality as Lessor

Under a finance lease, the Municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined revenue and actual payments received will give rise to an asset. The Municipality recognises the aggregate cost of incentives as a reduction of rental revenue over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern over which the benefit of the leased asset is diminished.

1.10. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Conditional government grants are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Unspent conditional grants are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent government grants, subsidies and contributions from the public.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent conditional grants are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If
 it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the
 Municipality's interest, it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of
 Financial Performance.

1.11. UNPAID CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Unpaid conditional grants are assets in terms of the Framework that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. The asset is recognised when the Municipality has an enforceable right to receive the grant or if it is virtually certain that it will be received based on that grant conditions have been met. They represent unpaid government grants, subsidies and contributions from the public.

The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of grant receivables:

Unpaid conditional grants are recognised as an asset when the grant is receivable.

1.12. PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of future outflows of resources. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability.

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

- (a) The Municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:
 - the business or part of a business concerned;
 - the principal locations affected:
 - the location, function and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;
 - the expenditures that will be undertaken; and
 - when the plan will be implemented.
- (b) The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is de-recognised.

1.13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans.

1.13.1 Post-Retirement Medical Obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 60% as contribution and the remaining 40% are paid by the members. For retired members, Council pays 70% as contribution and the remaining 30% are paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined in accordance with GRAP 25 – Employee benefits (using a discount rate applicable to high quality government bonds). The plan is unfunded.

These contributions are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability was calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the fair value of the obligation. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

1.13.2 Long Service Awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries annually and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically, unless circumstances change significantly in which case it is done annually, by independent qualified actuaries.

1.13.3 Staff Leave accrued

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at year-end and also on the total remuneration package of the employee.

Accumulating leave is carried forward and can be used in future periods if the current period's entitlement is not used in full. All unused leave will be paid out to the specific employee at the end of that employee's employment term. Unused leave is being capped at 48 days.

Accumulated leave is vesting.

1.13.4 Staff Bonuses Accrued

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year-end for each employee.

1.13.5 Provision for Performance Bonuses

A provision, in respect of the liability relating to the anticipated costs of performance bonuses payable to Section 57 employees, is recognised as it accrue to Section 57 employees. Municipal entities' performance bonus provisions are based on the employment contract stipulations as well as previous performance bonus payment trends.

1.13.6 Pension and retirement fund obligations

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors.

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable.

The defined benefit funds, which are administered on a provincial basis, are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis to all participating municipalities. The contributions and lump sum payments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable. Sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan. As a result, defined benefit plans have been accounted for as if they were defined contribution plans.

1.13.7 Other Short-term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the Municipality during a reporting period, the Municipality recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the
 amount already paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of the benefits, the
 Municipality recognises that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent
 that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a
 cash refund; and
- as an expense, unless another Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

1.14. BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised to the cost of that asset.

The amount of borrowing costs that the Municipality capitalises during a period does not exceed the amount of borrowing costs it incurred during that period. The Municipality ceases the capitalisation of borrowing costs when substantially all the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete. Borrowing costs incurred other than on qualifying assets are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance when incurred.

1.15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1.15.1 Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the assets acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). It the acquired item's fair value is not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the Municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

1.15.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset.

1.15.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Asset Class	Asset Sub-grouping	Useful Life (Yrs)
Land	None	Indefinite
Buildings	None	20 - 100
Infrastructure	Landfill Site	10 – 100
	Electricity	2 – 75
	Water	12 – 182
	Roads	2 – 103
	Security Measures	5 – 50
Community Assets	Cemetries & Fencing	10 – 100
	Halls	90 - 100
	Library	90 - 100
	Buildings Other	20 – 100
	Parks and Gardens	10 - 50
	Recreation	5 - 100
Leased Asset	None	1 - 13
Heritage	None	Indefinite
Other Assets	Computer Hardware	2 – 15
	Plant and Equipment	1 – 20
	Furniture and Other Office Equipment	2 – 35
	Vehicles and Specialised Vehicles	2 – 55

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.15.4 De-recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.15.5 Land and buildings and Other Assets – application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. For Land and Buildings the fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2010. For Other Assets the depreciation cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2010.

1.16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

1.16.1 Initial Recognition

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset meets the identifiability criterion in the definition of an intangible asset when it:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the Municipality and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable asset or liability, regardless of whether the Municipality intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements from contracts, regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the Municipality or from other rights and obligations.

The Municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the Municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the Municipality has the resources to complete the project;
- it is probable that the Municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential; and
- the Municipality can measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value is not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

1.16.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairments losses. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

1.16.3 Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over its estimated useful lives using the straight line method. Amortisation of an asset begins

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are amortised separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Intangible AssetsYearsComputer Software2 - 10Computer Software Licenses2 - 10

1.16.4 De-recognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.16.5 Application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. For Intangible Assets the depreciated replacement cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2010.

1.17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

1.17.1 Initial Recognition

Investment property is recognised as an asset when, and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the Municipality, and
- the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. Property with a currently undetermined use, is also classified as investment property.

At initial recognition, the Municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. The cost of self-constructed investment property is measured at cost.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

property becomes an investment property, the Municipality accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

1.17.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

1.17.3 Depreciation and Impairment - Cost Model

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Investment PropertyYearsBuildings20 - 100

1.17.4 De-recognition

Investment property is derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the investment property. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.17.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2010.

1.18. HERITAGE ASSETS

1.18.1 Initial Recognition

A heritage asset is defined as an asset that has a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and is held and preserved indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

A heritage asset is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the Municipality, and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

A heritage asset that qualifies for recognition as an asset, is measured at its cost. Where a heritage asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is deemed to be its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

1.18.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

After recognition as an asset, heritage assets are carried at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

1.18.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Heritage assets are not depreciated

Heritage assets are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.18.4 De-recognition

Heritage assets are derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the heritage asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of a heritage asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value of the heritage asset and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.18.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2010.

1.19. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

1.19.1 Cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

(a) External sources of information

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

- During the period, an asset's market value has declined significantly more than would be expected as a result of the passage of time or normal use.
- Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken
 place during the period, or will take place in the near future, in the
 technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the
 Municipality operates or in the market to which an asset is dedicated.
- Market interest rates or other market rates of return on investments have increased during the period, and those increases are likely to affect the discount rate used in calculating an asset's value in use and decrease the asset's recoverable amount materially.

(b) Internal sources of information

- Evidence is available of obsolescence or physical damage of an asset.
- Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date, and reassessing the useful life of an asset as finite rather than indefinite.
- Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the economic performance of an asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

The re-designation of assets from a cash-generating asset to a non-cash generating asset or from a non-cash-generating asset to a cash-generating asset shall only occur

when there is clear evidence that such a re-designation is appropriate. A re-designation, by itself, does not necessarily trigger an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss. Instead, the indication for an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss arises from, as a minimum, the indications listed above.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.19.2 Non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable service amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

(a) External sources of information

- Cessation, or near cessation, of the demand or need for services provided by the asset.
- Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period or will take place in the near future, in the technological, legal or government policy environment in which the Municipality operates.

(b) Internal sources of information

- Evidence is available of physical damage of an asset.
- Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, or plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date.
- A decision to halt the construction of the asset before it is complete or in a usable condition.
- Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the service performance of an asset is, or will be, significantly worse than expected.

An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

The value in use of a non-cash-generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined using any one of the following approaches, depending on the nature of the asset in question:

- depreciation replacement cost approach the present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.
- restoration cost approach the cost of restoring the service potential of an asset to
 its pre-impaired level. Under this approach, the present value of the remaining
 service potential of the asset is determined by subtracting the estimated restoration
 cost of the asset from the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential
 of the asset before impairment. The latter cost is usually determined as the
 depreciated reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower.
- service unit approach the present value of the remaining service potential of the
 asset is determined by reducing the current cost of the remaining service potential
 of the asset before impairment, to conform with the reduced number of service
 units expected from the asset in its impaired state. As in the restoration cost
 approach, the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the asset
 before impairment is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or
 replacement cost of the asset before impairment, whichever is lower.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard of GRAP. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that Standard of GRAP.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.20. INVENTORIES

1.20.1 Initial Recognition

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Inventories comprise of current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost of the inventories can be measured reliably. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where inventory is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

1.20.2 Subsequent Measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

The basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

1.21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both form exchange and non-exchange transactions) and non-current investments. The future utilization of Unspent Conditional Grants is evaluated in order to determine whether it is treated as financial instruments.

1.21.1 Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the Municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. If finance charges in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities are significantly different from similar charges usually obtained in an open market transaction, adjusted for the specific risks of the municipality, such differences are immediately recognised in the period it occurs, and the unamortised portion adjusted over the period of the loan transactions.

1.21.2 Subsequent Measurement

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Financial assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value, financial assets at amortised cost or financial assets at cost. Financial liabilities are categorised as either at fair value or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost. The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation.

1.21.2.1 Receivables

Receivables are classified as financial assets at amortised cost, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

For amounts due from debtors carried at amortised cost, the Municipality first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Objective evidence of impairment includes significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days overdue). If the Municipality determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics

and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Municipality. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, if material. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate

1.21.2.2 Payables and Annuity Loans

Financial liabilities consist of payables and annuity loans. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, and are initially recognised at fair value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

1.21.2.3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, highly liquid deposits and net of bank overdrafts. The Municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

1.21.2.4 Non-Current Investments

Investments which include investments in municipal entities and fixed deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are stated at amortised cost.

Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that the impairment is identified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The carrying amounts of such investments are reduced to recognise any decline, other than a temporary decline, in the value of individual investments.

1.21.3 De-recognition of Financial Instruments

1.21.3.1 Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- · the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Municipality has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Municipality has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the old asset is derecognised and a new asset is recognised to the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement in the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Municipality could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Municipality may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

1.21.3.2 Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.21.4 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.22 STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

Statutory receivables arise from legislation, supporting regulations, or similar means and require settlement by another entity in cash or another financial asset. Statutory receivables can arise from both exchange and non-exchange transactions.

1.22.1 Initial Recognition

Statutory receivables are recognised when the related revenue is recognised.

1.22.2 Measurement

The Municipality initially measures the statutory receivables at their transaction amount. The Municipality measure statutory receivables after initial recognition using the cost method. Under the cost method, the initial measurement of the receivable is changed subsequent to reflect any:

- (a) interest or other charges that may have accrued on the receivable;
- (b) impairment losses; and
- (c) amounts derecognised.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired. If there is an indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired, the Municipality measures the impairment loss as the difference

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

between the estimated future cash flows and the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount is higher than the estimated future cash flows, the carrying amount of the statutory receivable is reduced, through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. In estimating the future cash flows, the Municipality considers both the amount and timing of the cash flows that it will receive in future. Consequently, where the effect of the time value of money is material, the Municipality discounts the estimated future cash flows using a rate that reflects the current risk free rate and any risks specific to the statutory receivable for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a statutory receivable is revised if there has been a change in the estimates used since the last impairment loss was recognised, or to reflect the effect of discounting the estimated cash flows. Any previously recognised impairment loss is adjusted by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of any adjustment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.22.3 Derecognition

The Municipality derecognises a statutory receivable when:

- (a) the rights to the cash flows from the receivable are settled, expire or are waived;
- (b) the Municipality transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable; or
- (c) the Municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable, has transferred control of the receivable to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the receivable in its entirety to an unrelated third party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the Municipality:
 - (i) derecognise the receivable; and
 - (ii) recognise separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

1.23. REVENUE

1.23.1 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred, meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is recognised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. At the time of initial recognition the full amount of revenue is recognised. If the Municipality does not enforce its obligation to collect the revenue, this would be considered as a subsequent event. Collection charges are recognised when such

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

amounts are legally enforceable. Rebates and discounts are offset against the related revenue, in terms of iGRAP 1, as there is no intention of collecting this revenue.

Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportionate basis as an exchange transaction.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the Municipality. Where public contributions have been received, but the Municipality has not met the related conditions, it is recognised as an unspent public contribution (liability).

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

All unclaimed deposits are initially recognised as a liability until 12 months expires, when all unclaimed deposits into the Municipality's bank account will be treated as revenue. Historical patterns have indicated that minimal unidentified deposits are reclaimed after a period of twelve months. This assessment is performed annually at 30 June. Therefore the substance of these transactions indicate that even though the prescription period for unclaimed monies is legally three years, it is reasonable to recognised all unclaimed monies older than twelve months as revenue. Although unclaimed deposits are recognised as revenue after 12 months, the Municipality still keep record of these unclaimed deposits for three years in the event that a party should submit a claim after 12 months, in which case it will be expensed.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, a Municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability will be recognised as revenue.

1.23.2 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered or goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The Municipality has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The Municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Municipality.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

At the time of initial recognition the full amount of revenue is recognised where the Municipality has an enforceable legal obligation to collect, unless the individual collectability is considered to be improbable. If the Municipality does not successfully enforce its obligation to collect the revenue this would be considered a subsequent event.

Service charges relating to electricity is based on consumption and a basic charge as per Council resolution. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Where the Municipality was unable to take the actual month's reading of certain consumers, a provisional estimate of consumption for that month will be created. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards is recognised at the point of sale. It is estimated that pre-paid electricity is consumed within 5 to 7 days after date of purchase. The pre-paid electricity sold, but not consumed yet at year-end is disclosed as under Payables from Exchange Transactions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on an annual basis in advance by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the recorded number of refuse points per property.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods are passed to the consumer.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when:

- Substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods are passed to the consumer; and
- The municipality seizes managerial involvement and control of the goods; and
- The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably; and
- It is probable that economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

Revenue arising out of situations where the Municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the Municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the Municipality and the purchaser or user of the asset or service. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Municipality.

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable.

However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly determinable of either:

- The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating;
- A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

1.24. RELATED PARTIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

The Municipality resolved to formulate an accounting policy based on the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20 – "Related Party Disclosures".

A related party is a person or an entity:

- with the ability to control or jointly control the other party,
- or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa,
- or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control.

The following are regarded as related parties of the Municipality:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Municipality if that person:
 - has control or joint control over the Municipality.
 - has significant influence over the Municipalities. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the Municipality.
 - is a member of the management of the Municipality or its controlling entity.
- (b) An entity is related to the Municipality if any of the following conditions apply:
 - the entity is a member of the same Municipality (which means that each controlling entity, controlled entity and fellow controlled entity is related to the others).
 - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of an Municipality of which the other entity is a member).
 - both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Municipality or an entity related to the Municipality. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are related to the entity.
 - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - a person identified in (a) has significant influence over that entity or is a member of the management of that entity (or its controlling entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that person in their dealings with the Municipality. A person is considered to be a close member of the family of another person if they:

- (a) are married or live together in a relationship similar to a marriage; or
- (b) are separated by no more than two degrees of natural or legal consanguinity or affinity.

Management (formerly known as "Key Management") includes all persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality, including:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

- (a) all members of the governing body of the Municipality;
- (b) a member of the governing body of an Municipality who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality;
- (c) any key advisors of a member, or sub-committees, of the governing body who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality; and
- (d) the senior management team of the Municipality, including the chief executive officer or permanent head of the Municipality, unless already included in (a).

Management personnel include:

- (a) All directors or members of the governing body of the Municipality, being the Executive Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker and members of the Mayoral Committee.
- (b) Other persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting Municipality being the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer an all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

Remuneration of management includes remuneration derived for services provided to the Municipality in their capacity as members of the management team or employees. Benefits derived directly or indirectly from the Municipality for services in any capacity other than as an employee or a member of management do not meet the definition of remuneration. Remuneration of management excludes any consideration provided solely as a reimbursement for expenditure incurred by those persons for the benefit of the Municipality.

The Municipality operates in an economic environment currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African government. As a result of the Constitutional independence of all three spheres of government in South Africa, only parties within the same sphere of government will be considered to be related parties. Only transactions with such parties which are not at arm's length and not on normal commercial terms are disclosed.

1.25. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.26. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1.27. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Municipality. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. A Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that are not wholly within the control of the entity and give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits or service potential to the entity.

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where the inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring contingent liabilities and assets.

1.29. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the annual financial statements:

1.29.1 Post-retirement medical obligations and Long service awards

The cost of post-retirement medical obligations and long service awards are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Major assumptions used are disclosed in note 3 of the annual financial statements. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

1.29.2 Impairment of Receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

1.29.3 Property, Plant and Equipment

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management's estimation. Infrastructure's useful lives are based on technical estimates of the practical useful lives for the different infrastructure types, given engineering technical knowledge of the infrastructure types and service requirements. For other assets and buildings management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment.

- The useful life of movable assets was determined using the age of similar assets available for sale in the active market. Discussions with people within the specific industry were also held to determine useful lives.
- Local Government Industry Guides was used to assist with the deemed cost and useful life of infrastructure assets.
- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings. The Municipality also consulted with engineers to support the useful life of buildings, with specific reference to the structural design of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to other assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

The cost for depreciated replacement cost was determined by using either one of the following:

- cost of items with a similar nature currently in the Municipality's asset register;
- cost of items with a similar nature in other municipalities' asset registers, given that
 the other municipality has the same geographical setting as the Municipality and
 that the other municipality's asset register is considered to be accurate;
- cost as supplied by suppliers.

For deemed cost applied to land and buildings as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of an independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

1.29.4 Intangible Assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate.

Reference was made to intangibles used within the Municipality and other municipalities to determine the useful life of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to intangible assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1.29.5 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions and when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the time value effect is material.

1.29.6 Investment Property

The useful lives of investment property are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their economic lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and valuation of investment property:

- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings.
- The Municipality also consulted with professional engineers and qualified valuators to support the useful life of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to Investment Property as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

1.29.7 Revenue Recognition

Accounting Policy 1.23.1 on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions and Accounting Policy 1.23.2 on Revenue from Exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recognised by management of the Municipality.

In making their judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9: Revenue from Exchange Transactions and GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions.). Specifically, whether the Municipality, when goods are sold, had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and when services are rendered, whether the service has been performed. The management of the Municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

1.29.8 Provision for Landfill Sites

The provision for rehabilitation of the landfill site is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. The provision is calculated by a qualified environmental engineer. The provision represents the net present value at the reporting date of the expected future cash flows to rehabilitate the landfill site. To the extent that the obligations relate to an asset, it is capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Any subsequent changes to an obligation that did not relate to the initial related asset are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding provisions:

- Professional engineers were utilised to determine the cost of rehabilitation of landfill sites as well as the remaining useful life of each specific landfill site.
- Interest rates (investment rate) linked to prime was used to calculate the effect of time value of money.

1.29.9 Staff leave accrued

Staff leave is accrued to employees according to collective agreements. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave or when employment is terminated. Unused leave is being capped at 48 days.

1.29.10 Provision for Performance bonuses

The provision for performance bonuses represents the best estimate of the obligation at year end and is based on historic patterns of payment of performance bonuses. Performance bonuses are subject to an evaluation by Council.

1.29.11 Pre-paid electricity estimation

Pre-paid electricity is only recognised as income once the electricity is consumed. The pre-paid electricity balance (included under payables) represents the best estimate of electricity sold at year-end that is still unused. The average pre-paid electricity sold per day during the year under review is used and the estimate is calculated using 5 days' worth of unused electricity.

1.29.12 Componentisation of Infrastructure assets

All infrastructure assets are unbundled into their significant components in order to depreciate all major components over the expected useful lives. The cost of each component is estimated based on the current market price of each component, depreciated for age and condition and recalculated to cost at the acquisition date if known or to the date of initially adopting the standards of GRAP.

1.29.13 Impairments of assets - Capitalised Restoration Cost

Impairment charges relating to capitalised restoration costs are linked to fluctuations in the discount rate used to unwind the provision relating to this asset. This discount rate is linked to the prime interest rate and any movement in this rate will result in the impairment/reversal of impairment of the asset.

1.30. TAXES - VALUE ADDED TAX

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value Added Tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

1.31. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments disclosed in the annual financial statements represents the contractual balance committed to capital projects on reporting date that will be incurred in the period subsequent to the specific reporting date.

1.32. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

Events after the reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the annual financial statements are authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date); and
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (non-adjusting events after the reporting date).

If non-adjusting events after the reporting date are material, the Municipality discloses the nature and an estimate of the financial effect.

1.33. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Discontinued operation is a component of the Municipality that has been disposed of and:

- represents a distinguishable activity, group of activities or geographical area of operations;
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a distinguishable activity, group of activities or geographical area of operations; or
- is a controlled entity acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

To qualify as a discontinued operation, the disposal must occur within a single coordinated plan. Once the disposal plan has been approved, the Municipality reclassifies all related assets and liabilities associated with the discontinued operations as a separate line-item in the Statement of Financial Position. The Municipality subsequently measures and account for assets and liabilities associated with discontinued operations in accordance with the respective Standards of GRAP applicable to that asset or liability.

All revenue and expenditure associated with the discontinued operations is disclosed as a one line-item in the Statement of Financial Performance. Detail of the revenue and expenditure associated with the discontinued operations is disclosed in the notes.

2

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				EAR ERDED 00 0014	2016 R	2015 R
Capitalised Lease Liability - A Hire Purchase	t amortised cost				575 286 73 063	664 370 146 012
					648 349	810 383
Less: Current Portion transfer					352 864	263 459
Capitalised Lease Liabilit Hire Purchase	y - At amortised cost				279 801 73 063	190 510 72 950
Total Long-term Liabilities -	At amortised cost				295 485	546 924
The obligations under finance	e leases are scheduled bel	ow:			Minin lease pa	
Amounts payable under finan	ce leases:					
Payable within one year					352 890	292 251
Payable within two to five year Payable after five years	rs				320 076	561 795
,						
Less: Future finance obliga	ations				672 965	854 046
Present value of lease oblig					(97 679)	(189 676)
. resolve value of lease onlig	ations				575 286	664 370
The capitalised lease liability of	consist out of the following	contracts:				
	1	Description	Effective			
Supplier	ı	of eased item	Interest rate	Annual Escalation	Lease Term	Materite Date
Aloe Office and Business Solu	itions 1 x Xerox D95A CP	PRO	17.39%	0%	3 Years	Maturity Date
Aloe Office and Business Solu	tions 2 x Xerox 7970 CPS	F	17.72%	0%	3 Years	26/05/2018 11/06/2018
Aloe Office and Business Solu Aloe Office and Business Solu	tions 5 x Xerox 5325 CPS	F	17.39%	0%	3 Years	26/05/2018
Aloe Office and Business Solu	tions 2 x FASTBACK MOL	DL 20	17.39% 9.75%	0% 0%	3 Years 2.5 Years	26/05/2018 29/04/2018
The obligations under hire pure	chase agreements are sch	neduled below:			Minim	um
					hire purchase	payments
Amounts payable under hire p	urchase agreements:					
Payable within one year Payable within two to five years	•				76 491	83 445
Payable after five years	•				(#)	76 491
					76 491	159 936
Less: Future finance obliga	tions				(3 429)	(13 924)
Present value of hire purcha	se obligations				73 063	146 012
Leases are secured by propert	y, plant and equipment - N	lote				
The capitalised hire purchase I	iability consist out of the fo	llowing contracts:				
	<u></u>	<u>Description</u> of	Effective			
Supplier	le	eased item	Interest rate	Annual Escalation	Lease Term	Maturity Date
Standard Bank Standard Bank	TOYOTA COROLLA		9.25%	0%	5 Years	15/05/2017
	NISSAN QASHQAI		9.25%	0%	5 Years	15/05/2017
The Toyota Corolla is no longer	r in use.					

THE PRINCIPAL OF THE PR		2016 R	2015 R
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		5 156 680	5 476 374
Post Retirement Benefits - Refer to Note 3.1 Long Service Awards - Refer to Note 3.2		1 376 055	1 445 055 6 921 429
Total Non-current Employee Benefit Liabilities Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 51.2	_	6 532 735	(1 384 612)
Balance 30 June	_	6 532 735	5 536 817
		2016 R	2015 R
Post Retirement Benefits Balance 1 July		4 346 117	5 220 472
Contribution for the year		601 840 400 101	698 798 479 769
Interest Cost Expenditure for the year		(60 651) (84 203)	(905 337)
Actuarial Gain		5 203 204	5 493 702
Total post retirement benefits 30 June <u>Less:</u> Transfer of Current Portion - Note 5		(46 524)	(17 328)
Balance 30 June		5 156 680	5 476 374
Plus/Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2	_	5 156 680	(1 147 585) 4 328 789
Balance 30 June	-		
Long Service Awards		1 402 424	1 453 534
Balance 1 July Contribution for the year		281 148 101 918	290 393 104 381
Interest Cost Expenditure for the year		(99 352)	(115 773)
Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	_	(80 365) 1 605 773	(21 117) 1 711 418
Total long service 30 June Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 5		(229 718)	(266 363)
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 5 Balance 30 June		1 376 055	1 445 055
Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2	_	1 376 055	(237 027) 1 208 028
Balance 30 June	_		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT EMPOLYEE BENEFITS			
Balance 1 July		5 748 541	6 674 006
Contribution for the year		882 988 502 019	989 191 584 150
Interest cost Expenditure for the year		(160 003)	(115 773) (926 454)
Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	-	(164 568) 6 808 977	7 205 120
Total employee benefits 30 June <u>Less:</u> Transfer of Current Portion - Note 5		(276 242)	(283 691)
Balance 30 June		6 532 735	6 921 429 (1 384 612)
Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2 Balance 30 June	=	6 532 735	5 536 817
Post Retirement Benefits			
The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined contribution plan, of which the members are made up as follows:		·	-
In-service (employee) members		87 108	88 116
In-service (employee) non-members Continuation members (e.g. Retirees, widows, orphans)	<u>-</u>	2	1
Total Members	=	197	205
The liability in respect of past service has been estimated to be as follows:		3 298 654	4 192 116
In-service members In-service non-members		1 097 831	1 009 782
Continuation members	-	806 719 5 203 204	291 804 5 493 702
Total Liability	-	0 200 204	0.400.102
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:		2014	2013
		R	R
In-service members In-service non-members		4 533 826 686 646	3423100 248482
Continuation members	-	F 000 470	9 074 500
Total Liability		5 220 472	3 671 582
Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:	2016 Rm	2015 Rm	2014 Rm
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss	(0.082)	(0.914)	0.282

3

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED) 2016 2015 The municipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following medical aid schemes: Bonitas; Hosmed LA Health Samwumed Key health Key actuarial assumptions used: % % i) Rate of interest Discount rate Health Care Cost Inflation Rate 9.20% 9.22% 8.29% 8 32% Net Effective Discount Rate 0.84% 0.84% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" ii) Mortality rates The PA 90 ultimate table, rated down by 1 year of age was used by the actuaries. iii) Normal retirement age It has been assumed that in-service members will retire at age 60 for females and 65 for males, which then implicitly allows for expected rates of early and ill-health retirement. R R The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: Present value of fund obligations 5 203 204 5 493 702 Total Liability 5 203 204 5 493 702 The fund is entirely unfunded. The municipality has elected to recognise the full increase in this defined contribution liability immediately as per GRAP 25 Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation: Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year 4 346 117 5 220 472 Total expenses 941 290 1 178 567 Current service cost 601 840 698 798 Interest Cost 400 101 479 769 Benefits Paid (60 651) (84 203) (905 337) Actuarial (gains)/losses Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year 5 203 204 5 493 702 Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 5 (46 524) (17 328) Balance 30 June 5 156 680 5 476 374 Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2 Balance 30 June 5 156 680 4 328 789 Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability In-service members Continuation Total liability liability members liability Assumption Central Assumptions (Rm) (Rm) % change (Rm) 4 396 0.807 5 203 The effect of movements in the assumptions are as follows: In-service members Continuation liability members liability **Total liability** Assumption Change (Rm) % change 21% (Rm) (Rm) Health care inflation 1% 5.394 0.896 6.290 Health care inflation Discount Rate -1% 3.617 0.730 4 347 -16% 1% -1% 3.628 0.731 4.359 -16% Discount Rate 5.395 0.896 6.291 21% Post-retirement mortality -1 year 4.558 0.837 5.395 Average retirement age Continuation of membership at retirement -1 year 4.871 0.807 5.678 9% -10% 3 504 0.807 Current-service Interest Cost Cost Total Assumption Central Assumption Change (R) % change (R) (R) 601 840 750 600 400 101 001 941 Health care inflation 1% 485 300 1 235 900 22% Health care inflation -1% 1% 487 200 493 400 333 000 820 200 -18% Discount Rate 370 200 863 600 -14% Discount Rate 744 000 623 900 -1% 432 800 1 176 800 17% Post-retirement mortality Average retirement age -1 year 415 000 1 038 900 4% -1 year -10% 655 700 1 095 100

479 000

329 300

808 300

Continuation of membership at retirement

9%

-19%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED) 3 2015 3.2 Long Service Bonuses The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. As at year end, the following number of employees were eligible for Long Service Bonuses. 195 204 2016 2015 Key actuarial assumptions used: % i) Rate of interest Discount rate 8.41% 7.80% General Salary Inflation (long-term) 7.08% 6.95% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 1 25% 0.79% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" R R The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: Present value of fund obligations 1 605 773 1 711 418 Net liability 1 605 773 1 711 418 The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 2014 2013 R R **Total Liability** 1 453 534 1 169 744 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2016 2015 2014 R 107 994 Liabilities: (Gain) / loss (33 788) 88 604 The municipality performed their first actuarial valuation on 30 June 2012. Thus there are no experience adjustment figures available on or before 30 June 2012 to fully comply with GRAP 25

Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation: R R Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year 1 402 424 283 714 1 453 534 Total expenses 279 001 Current service cost 281 148 101 918 290 393 Interest Cost Benefits Paid 104 381 (99 352) (115 773) Actuarial (gains)/losses (80 365) (21 117) Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year 1 605 773 1 711 418 Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 5 (266 363) (229718)Balance 30 June 1 376 055 1 445 055 Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2 (237 027) 1 208 028 Balance 30 June 1 376 055

Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfunded Accrued Liability

Liability Assumption Change (R) % change Central assumptions 1.606 General salary inflation General salary inflation 1.00% 1.697 6% -1.00% 1.522 -5% Discount Rate 1.518 1.703 1.00% -5% Discount Rate -1.00% 6% Average retirement age -2 yrs +2 yrs 1.513 Average retirement age 1.663 4% Withdrawal rates -50.00% 1.926 20%

EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

2016

Long Service Bonuses

2015

3.2

The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans.			
As at year end, the following number of employees were eligible for Long Service Bonuses.		105	204
As at year end, the following number of employees were engine for Long Service Bonuses.		195	204
Key actuarial assumptions used:		2016 %	2015 %
i) Rate of interest			
Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses		8.41% 7.08% 1.25%	7.80% 6.95% 0.79%
The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known	n as "bootstrapping"		
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:		R	R
Present value of fund obligations		1 605 773	1 711 418
Net liability		1 605 773	1 711 418
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:		2014 R	2013 R
Total Liability		1 453 534	1 169 744
Experience adjustments were calculated as follows;	2016	2015	2014
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss	R (33 788)	R 88 604	R 107 994
The municipality performed their first actuarial valuation on 30 June 2012. Thus there are no experience adjustment figures available on or before 30 June 2012 to fully comply with GRAP 25	(65 765)	00 004	107 334
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:		R	R
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses		1 402 424 283 714	1 453 534 279 001
Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid		281 148 101 918 (99 352)	290 393 104 381 (115 773)
Actuarial (gains)/losses		(80 365)	(21 117)
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year		1 605 773	1 711 418
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 5		(229 718)	(266 363)
Balance 30 June Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2		1 376 055	1 445 055 (237 027)
Balance 30 June		1 376 055	1 208 028
Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfunded Accrued Liability			
Assumption Central assumptions General salary inflation General salary inflation Discount Rate Discount Rate Average retirement age Average retirement age Withdrawal rates	1.00% -1.00% 1.00% -1.00% -2 yrs +2 yrs -50.00%	Liability (R) 1.606 1.697 1.522 1.518 1.703 1.513 1.663 1.926	% change 6% -5% -5% 6% -6% 4% 20%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

3.3 Retirement funds

3

2016

2015

CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND	Contributing members
The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council.	130

Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance

R 3 593 856 R 2 530 353

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION FUNDS

Council contribute to the South African Local Authorities Pension Fund, Municipal Councillors Pension Fund and SAMWU National Provident Fund which are defined contribution funds. The retirement benefit fund is subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.

	Last Actuarial Valuation	Contributing members
South African Local Authorities Pension Fund	2013/06/30	24
Municipal Councillors Pension Fund	2009/06/30	32
SAMWU National Provident Fund	2008/06/30	39

The last actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2014 revealed that the fund is in a sound financial position with a Note: The results of the actuarial valuations dated 30 June 2008 for SAMWU National Provident Fund and 30 June 2009 for Municipal Councillors Pension Funds are not yet available.

Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance

		NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YE Sala Pension Fund	EAR ENDED 30 JUNE	2016 469 162	739 864
		Municipal Councillors Pension Fund		899 359	761 782
		SAMWU National Provident Fund		821 241	1 185 255
				2 189 762	2 686 901
	3.4	Provision for Ex-Gratia payment- CFO			
	0.4	1 Totalon to Ex-Claus payment of C			
		Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion		157 542 14 472	142 160 15 382
		Contribution to current portion		14 472	15 382
		Balance at end of year		172 014	157 542
		In terms of the section 57 Employment contract of the Chief Financial Officer, an amount of 15% of his total	al nackage must be naid		
		to him at the time of termination of employment	ii package must be paid		
		NON OURSELT PROGRAMA		2016	2015
4		NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS		R	R
		Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites		(0)	0
		Total Non-current Provisions		(0)	0
		The Municipality operate on three landfill sites. The in year actual operational costs is expensed in the	e statement of financial		
		performance. The provision is calculated in order to finance the rehabilitation cost of each cell when it reach expected cash flow outflow; within one year; relates to all three sites of the case of all three sites there is a			
		the day to day operations of the sites these cost is represented by the short-term portion of the non-current pr			
		The landfill sites in operation are Lady Frere; Dordrecht and Indwe.			
		I analiill Cita		_	-
		Landfill Sites Balance 1 July		R 11 514 635	R 2 767 937
		Increase in Estimate		11 514 655	8 601 703
		Unwinding of discounted interest		(988 718)	144 994
		Total provision 30 June		10 525 917	11 514 635
		Less: Transfer to Current provisions		(10 525 917)	(11 514 635)
		Balance 30 June		(0)	0
				(0)	
		The municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate landfill sites at the end of the expected useful life. Total cost	st of rehabilitation of the		
		current cell in operation and estimated date of decommission of the cell are as follows:			
		p and a de la late of the late			
				Rehabilitation	Rehabilitation
			<u>Estimated</u>	cost of cell in	cost of cell in
		Location	Estimated decommission date		
		Location	Portion de professione de la composition della c	cost of cell in	cost of cell in
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394	decommission date 30/06/2018	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route	30/06/2018 11/09/2016	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984 3 898 739
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394	decommission date 30/06/2018	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204	R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 260m before the town of Indwe	30/06/2018 11/09/2016	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984 3 898 739
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route	30/06/2018 11/09/2016	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204	R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indiwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indiwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 260m before the town of Indiwe Material Assumptions used	30/06/2018 11/09/2016 30/06/2019	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204 10 525 917	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912 11 514 635
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 260m before the town of Indwe	30/06/2018 11/09/2016	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204	R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 260m before the town of Indwe Material Assumptions used Area of landfill site consumed Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394	30/06/2018 11/09/2016 30/06/2019	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204 10 525 917	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912 11 514 635
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 260m before the town of Indwe Material Assumptions used Area of landfill site consumed Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route	30/06/2018 11/09/2016 30/06/2019 2014 40.45% 74.83%	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204 10 525 917 2015	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912 11 514 635 2016 100.00% 100.00%
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 260m before the town of Indwe Material Assumptions used Area of landfill site consumed Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 250m before the town of Indwe	30/06/2018 11/09/2016 30/06/2019 2014 40.45%	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204 10 525 917 2015	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912 11 514 635 2016
		Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route Indwe landfill site is located east off R56 approximately 260m before the town of Indwe Material Assumptions used Area of landfill site consumed Lady Frere landfill site is located approximately 2.0km west off Indwe road R 394 Dordrecht landfill site is located off R56 about 900m after the Dordrecht town to Queenstown Route	30/06/2018 11/09/2016 30/06/2019 2014 40.45% 74.83%	cost of cell in use R 3 607 207 5 261 506 1 657 204 10 525 917 2015	cost of cell in use R 6 750 984 3 898 739 864 912 11 514 635 2016 100.00% 100.00%

The discount rate used the calculate the present value of the rehabilitation costs at each reporting period is based on a calculated risk free rate as determined by the municipality. This rate is in line with a competitive investment rate the municipality can obtain from an A grade financial institution. This rate used is also within the inflation target range of the South African Reserve Bank of between 3% to 6%.

	2016	2015
CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	R	R
Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 3	46 524	17 328
Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 3	229 718	266 363
Staff leave accrued	4 772 464	5 156 292
Provision for Performance Bonuses Staff Bonuses accrued	980 735 745 407	720 918 1 080 569
Starr Bonuses accrued Provision for Compensation for injuries on duty contribution	354 609	737 054
Total Current Employee Benefits	7 129 458	7 978 524
Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2		(881 252)
Total Current Employee Benefits Continued	7 129 458	7 097 272
The movement in current employee benefits is reconciled as follows:		
Shall laws appropried		
Staff leave accrued Balance at beginning of year	4 484 110	4 126 161
Contribution to current portion	702 667	1 443 856
Expenditure incurred	(414 313)	(413 725)
Balance at end of year	4 772 464	5 156 292
Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2	4 772 464	(672 181) 4 484 110
Balance 30 June	4112404	4 404 110
Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreement. An accrual is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. The accrual will be realised as employees take leave. There is a possibility of reimbursement based on trends in the past.		
Provision for Parformance Parriage		
Provision for Performance Bonuses Balance at beginning of year	720 918	511 610
Contribution to current portion	1 031 547	714 879
Expenditure incurred	(771 730)	(505 572)
Balance at end of year	980 736	720 918
Performance bonuses are being paid to Municipal Manager and Directors after an evaluation of performance by the council.		
Staff Bonuses accrued		
Balance at beginning of year	943 465 1 814 910	936 324 2 268 155
Contribution to current portion Expenditure incurred	(2 012 968)	(2 123 910)
Balance at end of year	745 407	1 080 569
Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2	137 104	(137 104)
Balance 30 June	882 511	943 465
Bonuses are being paid to all permanent employed municipal staff, excluding section 57 Managers. The balance at year end represent to portion of the bonus that have already vested for the current salary cycle.		
Provision for Compensation for injuries on duty contribution	737 054	338 599
Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion	374 837	338 599
Expenditure incurred	(757 282)	-
Balance at end of year	354 609	737 054
The balance on the compensation for injuries on duty contribution represents the current liability of the municipality that has not yet		
been paid over to the relevant authorities. The balance represents the best estimate the outflow of resources. The timing and amount of the outflow is dependant on when an assessment is received from the relevant authorities.		
PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
Trade Payables	16 083 803	10 684 264
Third party payables (Payroll)	16 339	1 035 923
Pre- paid electricity paid in advance	210 486	89 579
Advance payments debtors-billing Retentions and Guarantees	1 247 469 4 134 813	689 036 4 207 194
Sundry Deposits	21 640	11 900
Sundry Creditors	94 608	1 259 180
Total Trade Payables	21 809 158	17 977 075

Sundry Creditors	94 608	1 259 180
Retentions and Guarantees Sundry Deposits	4 134 813 21 640	4 207 194 11 900
Advance payments debtors-billing	1 247 469	689 036
Pre- paid electricity paid in advance	210 486	89 579
Third party payables (Payroll)	16 339	1 035 923
Trade Payables	16 083 803	10 684 264

Payables are being recognised net of any discounts.

5

Payables are being paid within 30 days as prescribed by the MFMA. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary

The carrying value of trade and other payables approximates its fair value. All payables are unsecured. Sundry deposits include hall, tender and other general deposits. The Municipality did not default on any of their payables

7		UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	R	R
		Unspent Grants	1 157 442	348 701
		National Government Grants Provincial Government Grants District Municipality	1 157 442 -	43 176 305 525
		Less: Unpaid Grants	-	-
		National Government Grants	-	
		Total Conditional Grants and Receipts	1 157 442	348 701
		See appendix "D" for reconciliation of grants from other spheres of government. The municipality complied with the conditions attached to all grants received to the extent of revenue recognised. No grants were withheld.		
		Unspent grants can mainly be attributed to projects that are work in progress on the relevant financial year-ends.		
8		VAT	R	R
	8.1	VAT PAYABLE		
		VAT Payable	3 281 166	3 171 013
		Less: Impairment of VAT receivables	(698 046)	-
		Total Vat payable	2 583 120	3 171 013
	8.2	VAT RECEIVABLE		
		VAT Receivable	9 181 049	5 315 297
		Total VAT receivable	9 181 049	5 315 297
	8.3	NET VAT RECEIVABLE/(PAYABLE)	5 899 883	2 144 284
		VAT RECEIVABLE/(PAYABLE)	6 597 929	2 144 284
		NET VAT RECEIVABLE/(PAYABLE)	6 597 929	2 144 284

VAT is receivable/payable on the cash basis.

9	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)		2016 R	2015 R
	No assets pledged as security.			
	Impairment of property plant and equipment for the year			
	Impairment charges on Property, plant and equipment recognised in statement of financial performance			
	Community Assets			635 644 635 644
	The impairments occurred due to assets found when performing the asset count. The value of the impairment is equal to value as at the end of the reporting date.	o the carrying		
	Reversal of impairment charges took place during the year of reporting.		635 644	
	Cumulative impairment charges included in major balances Community Assets		11 347 162 11 347 162	11 987 452 11 987 452
	The effect of a change in accounting estimate will have on the current period and subsequent periods:			
	Effect on Property, plant and equipment Assessment of impairment of assets was performed on other assets.	2016 R (116 445)	2017 R (161 321)	2018 R 22 913
10	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		R	R
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Buildings Land Accumulated Depreciation Acquisitions Depreciation for the year Disposals Transfers to/from other classes Net Carrying amount at 30 June Cost Buildings		6 433 761 6 541 462 695 572 5 845 890 (107 701) (5 507) (2 180 914) 4 247 340 4 360 548 695 572	8 394 368 8 491 400 1 016 985 7 474 415 (97 042) 1 000 (10 658) (18 500) (1 932 438) 6 433 761 6 541 462 695 572

There are no restrictions on the realisability of Investment Property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.

There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.

The fair value of investment property approximates the carrying amount as reflected in these financial statements.

11	CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST	2016 R	2015 R
			K
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July	-	951 638
	Additions Depreciation		8 601 703 (951 638)
	Impairments		(8 612 044)
	Reversal of impairments	-	10 341
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June		
	Cost Accumulated Depreciation	-	10 665 431 (1 964 615)
	Accumulated Impairments	-	(8 700 816)
	Restoration cost financed by way of a provision - Refer to note 4 for further details		
12	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	R	R
	Computer Software		
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July	206 752	258 564
	Cost Accumulated Amortisation	922 273	911 380
	Acquisitions	(715 521)	(652 816) 70 066
	Disposals	(53 228)	(59 173)
	Amortisation	(33 707)	(62 706)
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	130 767	206 751
	Cost Accumulated Amortisation	879 995 (749 228)	922 273 (715 521)
	, and a second s	(143 220)	(710 021)
	No intangible asset was assessed as having an indefinite useful life. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting date. There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets.		
13	HERITAGE ASSETS		
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Acquisitions	182 536	124 000
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	182 536	58 536 182 536
	Cost		
	0050	182 536	182 536
14	RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	R	R
	Electricity	4 344 623	3 595 000
	Refuse Sewerage	39 044 782	34 080 441
	Rental	(0) 1 991 531	0 1 893 350
	Other Consumer Debtors		3 838 868
	Chris Hani Debtor Sundry Receivables	3 776 090 200 754	14 540 111
	Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	49 357 780	501 793 58 449 564
	Less: Provision for Impairment	(41 888 150)	(40 060 287)
	Total Net Receivables from Exchange Transactions	7 469 630	18 389 276

Consumer debtors are payable within 30 days. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other receivables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.

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DECENARI ES EDOM EVOLUNOS TRANSACTIONO (O		
RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (Continued)	2016	2015
Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions: (Electricity): Ageing	R	R
Current (0 - 30 days)	180 126	535 256
31 - 60 Days	153 898	114 743
61 - 90 Days	130 116	99 746
+ 90 Days	3 880 483	2 845 254
Total	4 344 623	3 595 000
(Refuse): Ageing	4 344 023	2 222 000
Current (0 - 30 days)	505 946	770.004
31 - 60 Days	522 726	773 391
61 - 90 Days	502 501	537 627 443 162
+ 90 Days	37 513 609	32 326 261
Total		
	39 044 782	34 080 441
(Rental): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days)		
31 - 60 Days	62 425	91 115
61 - 90 Days	55 980	53 214
+ 90 Days	55 617	53 187
	1 817 509	1 695 835
Total	1 991 531	1 893 350
(Other): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	-	2 669
31 - 60 Days	-	0
61 - 90 Days	-	253
+ 90 Days	•	3 835 947
Total Total	-	3 838 869
(Total): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	748 496	1 402 430
31 - 60 Days	732 604	705 584
61 - 90 Days	688 234	596 348
+ 90 Days	43 211 601	40 703 297
Total	45 380 936	43 407 660
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts		
Balance at beginning of year	40 060 287	102 369 174
Contribution to provision/(Reversal of provision)	5 113 430	5 735 079
Written offs	-3 285 568	
Transferred to Discontinued Operations - note 48.2		(68 043 965)
Balance at end of year	41 888 150	40 060 287
	41000100	40 000 201
The Provision for Impairment could be allocated between the different classes of receivables as follows:		
Electricity	1 063 603	700 411
Refuse	38 774 125	34 224 239
Other	2 050 423	5 135 637
	41 888 150	40 060 287
	41 000 150	40 000 287

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables. Assessment of arears on Rates and Service accounts in terms of MFMA Sec:121 (3) (e) by the Accounting Officer.

15		RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	2016 R	2015 R
		Rates Other Receivables	14 078 302	12 123 667
		Other Receivables	5 926	24 693
		Total Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	5 926	24 693 12 148 360
		Less: Provision for Impairment	(11 257 775)	(7 955 764)
		Total Net Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	2 826 452	4 192 596
		Rates debtors are payable within 30 days. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of rates debtors are not performed in terms of GRAP 104 on initial recognition.		
		Ageing of Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions:		
		(Rates): Ageing	R	R
		Current (0 - 30 days)	110 769	391 221
		31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	349 062	253 834
		+ 90 Days	279 803 13 338 764	225 130 11 253 483
		Total	14 078 397	12 123 667
		Reconciliation of Provision for Impairment		
		Balance at beginning of year Contribution to provision/(Reversal of provision) Bad Debts Written Off	7 955 764 3 302 011	12 168 602 5 154 932 (9 367 770)
		Balance at end of year	11 257 775	7 955 764
		The entire provision for bad debts relates to the outstanding rates balance.		
		Concentrations of credit risk with respect to these receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables. Assessment of arears on Rates and Service accounts in terms of MFMA Sec:121 (3) (e) by the Accounting Officer.		
16		OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS		
	16.1	The Municipality as Lessor (Asset)	R	R
		Balance on 1 July	77 416	63 222
		Movement during the year	5 330	14 194
		Balance on 30 June	82 746	77 416
		At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a Lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:		
		Up to 1 Year 1 to 5 Years	135 118	125 522
		More than 5 Years	432 655	459 896 107 876
		Total Operating Lease Arrangements	567 772	693 294
		The Municipality does not engage in any sub-lease arrangements.		
		The Municipality did not receive any contingent rent during the year		

The Municipality did not receive any contingent rent during the year

Certain of the Municipality's properties are leased to third parties to generate rental income. Leases receipts escalate annually on average by 10%. Lease agreements are non-cancellable and have terms from 3 to 10 years.

		NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 30NE	. 2010	
			2016	2015
17	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALEN	TS	R	R
	Assets Call Investments Deposits		26 023 440	28 563 011 3 192 247
	Bank Accounts		2 251 871 20 252	21 142
	Cash Floats		28 295 562	31 776 400
	Total Cash and Cash Equivale	nts - Assets		
	Cash and cash equivalents com fair value.	prise of cash held and short term deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their		
	The Municipality has the followin	g bank accounts:		
	Current Accounts		R	R
			78 399	470 729
	Standard Bank - Current Account Standard Bank - Current Account	nt - 082-655-958 nt - 082-630-631	25 063	1 863 238
	First National Bank - Current Ac		2 148 408	858 280
			2 251 871	3 192 247
	All accounts is cleared daily to F	Primary Bank Account; current account 082-665-958.		
	Standard Bank - Current Accordant book balance at beginning		470 729	5 108 340
	Cash book balance at end of ye		78 399	470 729
		Colon Service	470 729	5 108 340
	Bank statement balance at begi Bank statement balance at end	inning or year of year	78 399	470 729
	Standard Bank - Current Acco		1 863 238	2 713 783
	Cash book balance at beginning Cash book balance at end of year		25 063	1 863 238
			1 863 238	2 713 783
	Bank statement balance at beg Bank statement balance at end		25 063	1 863 238
	First National Bank - Current		858 280	1 539 671
	Cash book balance at beginnin Cash book balance at end of ye		2 148 408	858 280
	,		858 280	1 539 671
	Bank statement balance at beg Bank statement balance at end		2 148 408	858 280
	Dalik Statement Dalance at end	i vi you		
	Call Investment Deposits			
	Call investment deposits consis	st of the following accounts:		
	Call Investments Deposits		26 023 440	28 563 011
	Investec	Account Number/s: 451/465258	11 140 266	14 403 649
	First National Bank	Account Number/s: 74366334164	14 357 428	13 492 487 464 818
	Standard Bank	Account Number/s: 08 879 9697 - 012	43 333	202 057
	Standard Bank	Account Number/s: 08 879 9697 - 001	202 057	202 007
18	PROPERTY RATES			
	Actual			
	Rateable Land and Buildings		3 744 290	3 719 278
	Residential, Commercial Prope		3 000 310	3 449 090
	Agricultural		743 980	270 188
	Less: Rebates		3 744 290	3 719 278
	Total Assessment Rates		3 744 290	3719.216
	Valuations			
	Rateable Land and Buildings	X	200 505 504	222 274 200
	Residential		239 505 604 491 459 300	233 374 200 491 572 100
	Agricultural Government		52 397 600	56 766 100
	Business & Commercial		128 211 401	101 116 200
	Municipal		83 834 400	93 718 300
	Exempt Properties		27 679 652	45 764 200
	Total Assessment Rates		1 023 087 957	1 022 311 100

Valuations on land and buildings are performed every four years. The last valuation came into effect on 1 July 2014. Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has subsequently been forgone by way of rebate or remission.

	TOTAL TO THE THANGIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEAR ENDED 30 JUNE	2016		
	Government Grants and Subsidies	2016 R	2015 R	
	Unconditional Grants	116 537 000	92 038 000	
	Equitable share	116 537 000	92 038 000	1
	Conditional Grants	59 267 259	51 241 952	•
	Grants and subsidies	59 267 259	51 241 952	1
	Total Government Grants and Subsidies	175 804 259	143 279 952	ı
	Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	20.044.700		
	Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	30 614 700 145 189 559	30 399 227 112 880 725	
		175 804 259	143 279 952	
	Revenue recognised per vote as required by Section 123 (c) of the MFMA			
	Budget and Treasury	113 314 000	88 678 883	
	Community Services	892 789	1 130 846	
	Electricity IPED	21 000 000	11 000 000	
	Refuse	31 470 200 000	96 133	
	Roads Transport	34 226 000	1 801 881 34 373 209	
		175 804 259	143 279 952	
	The municipality does not expect any significant changes to the level of grants.			
19.1	Equitable share			
	Opening balance Grants received	to a series of the series of t		##
	Conditions met - Operating	116 537 000	92 038 000	
	Conditions met - Capital	(116 537 000)	(92 038 000)	
	Conditions still to be met	-	-	
	The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the National Treasury.			
19.2	Local Government Financial Management Grant (FMG) Opening balance			
	Grants received	1 875 000	1 800 000	
	Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(1 875 000)	(1 800 000)	
	Conditions still to be met			
		-	-	
	The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns).			
19.3	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant (MSIG)			
	Opening balance	_	_	
	Grants received Conditions met - Operating	930 000	934 000	
	Conditions met - Capital	(930 000)	(934 000)	
	Conditions still to be met			
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.			
19.4	Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)			
	Opening balance	-	720 893	
	Grants received Conditions met - Operating	32 226 000	30 970 000	
	Conditions met - Capital	(1 611 300)	(1 548 500)	
	Conditions still to be met	(30 614 700)	(30 142 393)	
			-	
	The grant was used to ungrade infrastructure in account of the state o			

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19		GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)	2016 R	2015 R
	19.5	Integrated National Electrification Grant (INEP)		
		Opening balance	-	
		Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	21 000 000 (21 000 000)	11 000 000 (11 000 000)
		Grant expenditure to be recovered		-
		The National Electrification Grant was used for electrical connections in previously disadvantaged areas.		
	19.6	Other Grants		
		Opening balance Grants received Grants transferred	348 699 4 045 000	1 045 759 5 153 770
		Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(3 236 259)	(33 771) (5 560 225) (256 834)
		Conditions still to be met	1 157 442	348 699
		Various grants were received from other spheres of government (e.g. Library fund and Extended Public Works Program)		v.
	19.7	Total Grants		
		Opening balance	348 701	1 766 653
		Grants received Grants transferred	176 613 000	141 895 770 (33 771)
		Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(145 189 559)	(112 880 725)
		Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	(30 614 700) 1 157 442	(30 399 227) 348 700
		Disclosed as follows: Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	1 157 441	348 701
		Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts		-
			1 157 441	348 701
20		SERVICE CHARGES		
		Electricity Water	8 746 028	8 822 735
		Refuse removal	27 4 124 109	2 810 797
		Sewerage and Sanitation Charges	(47 065)	-
		Less: Rebates	12 823 099 (1 224 883)	11 633 532 (453 988)
		Total Service Charges	11 598 216	11 179 543
		Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has subsequently been forgone by way of rebate or remission.		
21		INTEREST EARNED		
		External Investments		
		Interest Investments Interest Bank Balance	3 784 565 61 560	3 312 533 37 416
		Interest Other Total External Investments	3 846 124	3 349 949
		Outstanding Debtors	- 0040 124	- 0 040 040
		Property Rates	1 436 406	1 290 637
		Refuse Electricity	2 650 830	2 244 607
		Rent	378 413 167 309	238 644 155 713
		Total Outstanding Debtors		
		Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2 Total Outstanding Debtors Continued	4 632 959	3 929 602
		Sastanding Debtors Continued	4 632 959	3 929 602
		Total Interest Earned	8 479 083	7 279 550

22	OTHER INCOME MOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUI	VIE 0040	
22	OTHER INCOME	NE 2016 2016	2015
	Administration charges	R	R
	Building plans Branding of Livestock	19 833	1 961 201 19 890
	Cemetery Fees	4 688	41 560
	Chris Hani DM (Water & Sanitation) Connection Fees	29 145	31 622 22 393 720
	Insurance Income	198 813	53 232
	LGSETA Pound Fees	232 494 73 079	251 175 67 090
	Registrations	21 613	12 341
	Housing Admin Fees Sundry Income	8 442 33 550	123
	Total Other Income	2 426 771	98 610
	Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2	3 048 427	24 930 565
	Total Other Income Continued	(2 265 864)	(22 393 720)
	Sunday income	782 563	2 536 845
	Sundry income represents sundry income such as cleaning of sites, private work and fees for items not included under service charges.		
23	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS	2016	2015
	Salaries and Wages	R	R
	Annual bonus	37 569 353 1 814 910	37 407 093
	Contributions for UIF, pensions and medical aids Housing Subsidy	6 791 347	2 983 035 6 214 787
	Leave Reserve Fund	62 300	91 718
	Long service awards Overtime	702 667 281 148	1 443 856 290 393
	Post Employment Health	839 790	1 383 106
	Scarce Skills Allowance Performance bonus	601 840 3 301	698 798
	Skills development levy	1 031 547	
	Travel, motor car, telephone, assistance and other allowances Provision for Ex-Gratia payment- CFO	350 456 2 775 202	336 691 1 500 260
	Workmen's Compensation	14 472	15 382
	Total Employee Related Costs	374 837	398 455
	Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2	53 213 170	52 763 573
	Total Employee Related Costs Continued	£2 242 470	(9 976 009)
	Municipal Manager and all other designation	53 213 170	42 787 564
	Municipal Manager and all other Senior Managers are appointed on fixed term contracts. REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL		
	Remuneration of the Municipal Manager (MM Dr VS Vatala)		
	Arrival Remuneration		
	Performance Bonuses Leave encashment	1 464 100 186 340	1 340 719 185 900
	Telephone, assistance and other allowances	2	42 592
	Contributions to UIF, SDL, Bargaining council	26 136 16 641	26 138 15 886
	Total	1 693 217	1 611 235
	Remuneration of the Director Technical Services (M Mkuyana - only 4 months 2014) Annual Remuneration		
	Ex-gratia Ex-gratia	-	-
	Performance Bonuses Leave encashment	į.	1 134 916
	Telephone, assistance and other allowances		2
	Contributions to UIF, SDL, Bargaining council	-	
	Total		1 134 916
	Remuneration of the Manager Corporate Services (Manager Corporate Services - P Sohe) Annual Remuneration		
	Performance Bonuses Leave encashment	1 098 599 109 860	999 364
	Acting Allowance	109 600	127 111 31 959
	Telephone, assistance and other allowances	22 506	15 699
	Contributions to UIF, SDL, Bargaining council Total	12 336	22 506 12 071
		1 243 301	1 208 709
	Remuneration of the Chief Financial Officer (GP de Jager) Annual Remuneration		
	Performance Bonuses Leave encashment	1 146 757 145 951	1 050 282
	Telephone, assistance and other allowances	140 901	173 648 33 360
	Contributions to UIF, SDL, Bargaining council	18 600 13 517	18 600
	Total	13 517 1 324 825	13 118
	Remuneration of the Director Community Services (NP Mnyengeza for 9 months 2014) Annual Remuneration	. 024 020	1 209 008
	Ex-gratia	-	-
	Leave encashment	-	1 134 916
	Telephone, assistance and other allowances Contributions to UIF, SDL, Bargaining council	-	
	Total .	-	•
		-	1 134 916

	Remuneration of the Manag Annual Remuneration Performance Bonuses Telephone, assistance and o Contributions to UIF, SDL, B	ger IPED Services (N Mntuydwa) other allowances argaining council			2016 1 098 599 49 936 18 600 11 883	2015 1 004 446 63 555 18 600 11 235
	Total			_	The state of the s	2015
	Remuneration of the Direct Annual Remuneration Ex-gratia Leave encashment Telephone, assistance and of Contributions to UIF, SDL, 8	tor Strategic Services (AM Stemela 9 m other allowances tamalning council	onths 2014)		2016	1 134 916
	Total				-	1 134 916
		tor Infrastructure and Human Settlemen other allowances	nts (D Njilo)		1 098 599 139 822 15 783 18 600 13 866	998 726 18 159 18 600 11 069
		sarganing council		The state of the s	1 286 670	1 046 554
	Total Remuneration of the Direct Annual Remuneration Performance Bonuses Telephone, assistance and Contributions to UIF, SDL, E Total	other allowances Bargaining council			1 098 599 139 822 18 600 13 149 1 270 169	998 726 13 619 30 000 10 604 1 052 949
					R	R
24	REMUNERATION OF COU	NCILLORS			770 000	739 363
	Mayor				778 880 627 278	588 264
	Speaker Executive Committee Memb	pers			2 692 548	2 356 602
					6 816 659	6 419 529
	Councillors					
	Total Councillors' Remund				10 884 836	
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri	ver for offici		778 980	739 363
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn t use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor	ovided with over for official	offices and secretarial support at the cost of al duties. Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13	778 880 627 278	464 938
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip	ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6	778 880 627 278 569 378	464 938 559 740
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn suse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee	ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7	776 880 627 278 589 378 589 378	464 938 559 740 572 812
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lali, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740
	In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 3 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378	464 938 559 740 572 812
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500
	In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn truse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Chairperson of Section 79 Committee	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn true of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee part time Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillos	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 599 378 335 036 314 085 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn to use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillor	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 1 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 4	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 335 036 314 085 249 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twale, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn true of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee part time Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillos	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 4 Ward Councillor 5	778 880 627 276 589 378 589 378 589 378 599 378 335 036 314 085 249 349 249 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 236 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn truse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 4 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6	778 880 627 278 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 549 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349	484 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn true of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee part time Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 4 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7	778 880 627 278 569 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 335 036 314 085 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416 238 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwari, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillor Counc	ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 4 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 8	778 880 627 278 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 549 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349	484 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn true of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 4 Ward Councilior 5 Ward Councilior 5 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 8 Ward Councilior 9	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 599 378 599 378 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349	484 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416 238 416 238 416
	Total Councillors' Remunit In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twalla, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn suse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee part time Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 4 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 8	778 880 627 278 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 238 416 238 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker and the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twale, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapate, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn true of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 4 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 8 Ward Councillor 19 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 11	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 335 036 314 085 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remunit In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twalla, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn to use of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 9 Ward Councillor 9 Ward Councillor 9 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 13	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 599 378 349 249 349	484 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraqa, N. 22 Godia, M.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pnicuse of a Council owned vehicle and a drift of the council owned vehicle and a drift owned vehicle and a drift owned vehicle and a drift owned vehicle and the council owned vehicle and the council owned vehicle o	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 4 Ward Councilior 5 Ward Councilior 6 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 19 Ward Councilior 10 Ward Councilior 11 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 13 Ward Councilior 13 Ward Councilior 14	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 335 036 314 085 249 349 349 249 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 3	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 355 070 236 416 238 416 238 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remunit In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twalla, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn suse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee part time Chairperson of Section 79 Committe Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 9 Ward Councillor 9 Ward Councillor 10 Deceased April 2016 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 13 Ward Councillor 14 Ward Councillor 14 Ward Councillor 14 Ward Councillor 14	776 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 599 378 335 036 314 085 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker and the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pnicuse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 6 Ward Councilior 6 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 10 Ward Councilior 10 Ward Councilior 11 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 13 Ward Councilior 14 Ward Councilior 14 Ward Councilior 15 Ward Councilior 15 Ward Councilior 16	778 880 627 278 569 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 334 070 236 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remunit In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twalla, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godla, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z.	s full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn true of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Description of Section 79 Committee Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 10 Pard Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 13 Ward Councillor 14 Ward Councillor 15 Ward Councillor 15 Ward Councillor 16 Proportional Ward 17	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 599 378 335 036 314 085 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 238 416 238 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker and the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 7 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godla, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z. 26 Jordaan, V.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn suse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Chairperson of Section 79 Committee Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 1 Ward Councillor 1 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 13 Ward Councillor 14 Ward Councillor 15 Ward Councillor 16 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 1	778 880 627 278 569 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 559 378 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 334 070 236 416 236 416
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	Total Councillors' Remunit In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z. 26 Jordaan, V. 27 Dikkilli, N. 28 Holana, N.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn suse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee part time Chairperson of Section 79 Committe Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 1 Ward Councillor 1 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 13 Ward Councillor 14 Ward Councillor 15 Ward Councillor 16 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 1	778 880 627 278 569 378 569 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 335 036 314 085 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 236 41
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	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twale, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 77 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraqa, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z. 26 Jordaan, V. 27 Diikilii, N. 28 Holana, N. 29 Ndiela, T.R. 30 Mani, M. 31 Miezu, K.	s full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn true of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Description of Section 79 Committee Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 17 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 19 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 13 Ward Councillor 14 Ward Councillor 15 Ward Councillor 16 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 19 Proportional Ward 10	778 880 627 278 569 378 569 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 335 036 314 085 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 355 070 236 416 236 41
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker and the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z. 26 Jordaan, V. 27 Dikilii, N. 28 Holana, N. 29 Ndela, T.R. 30 Mani, M. 31 Mjezu, K. 32 Greyling, P. 33 Mketsu, Z. 2. 33 Metsu, Z. 33 Metsu, Z. 3	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn suse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee part time Chairperson of Section 79 Committe Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 11 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councilior 1 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 6 Ward Councilior 6 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 10 Deceased April 2016 Ward Councilior 11 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 13 Ward Councilior 14 Ward Councilior 15 Ward Councilior 16 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 10 Proportional Ward 10 Proportional Ward 10 Proportional Ward 16	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 599 378 335 036 314 085 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remunit In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z. 26 Jordasn, V. 27 Dilkilif, N. 28 Holana, N. 29 Ndiela, T.R. 30 Mani, M. 31 Mjezu, K. 32 Greyling, P. 33 Mketsu, Z. 34 Kwashana, T.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pricuse of a Council owned vehicle and a drice of a Council owned vehicle and a drice of the Council owned vehicle and a drice owned vehicle and a drice owned vehicle and a drice owned vehicle owned ve	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 17 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 4 Ward Councilior 5 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 19 Ward Councilior 10 Ward Councilior 10 Ward Councilior 11 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 14 Ward Councilior 14 Ward Councilior 15 Pard Councilior 16 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 14 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 19 Proportional Ward 19 Proportional Ward 19 Proportional Ward 19	778 880 627 278 569 378 569 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 535 036 314 085 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 236 41
	Total Councillors' Remund In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker and the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwari, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nikasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Cashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Terka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z. 26 Jordaan, V. 27 Dilkilli, N. 28 Holana, N. 29 Nidela, T.R. 30 Mani, M. 31 Mjezu, K. 32 Greying, P. 33 Mietsu, Z. 34 Kwatshana, T. 35 Sidshe, TD.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pn truse of a Council owned vehicle and a dri Mayor Speaker Chief Whip Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Executive Committee Date of the Councillor	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 17 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councillor 2 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 3 Ward Councillor 5 Ward Councillor 6 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 7 Ward Councillor 8 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 10 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 11 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 12 Ward Councillor 13 Ward Councillor 15 Ward Councillor 15 Ward Councillor 16 Proportional Ward 4 Proportional Ward 4 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 19	778 880 627 278 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 349 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 226 416 236 416
	Total Councillors' Remunit In-kind Benefits The Mayor and Speaker are the Council. The Mayor has COUNCILLORS 1 Nyukwana, N. 2 Lail, N. 3 Liwani, S. 4 Kalolo, D.S. 6 Kulashe, T. 7 Twala, B.P. 8 Nkasela, K. 9 Mooi, L. 10 Koni, N.F. 11 Ziduli, N. 12 Bobotyana, H.C. 13 Mapete, P. 14 Qashani, N. 15 Peter, N. 16 Nobaza, P. 17 Dudumashe, T.R. 18 Gwegwana, L. 19 Teka, Z.H. 20 Dyonase, Z. 21 Kraga, N. 22 Godia, M. 23 Mnyuko, S. 24 Komani, B. 25 Papiso, Z. 26 Jordasn, V. 27 Dilkilif, N. 28 Holana, N. 29 Ndiela, T.R. 30 Mani, M. 31 Mjezu, K. 32 Greyling, P. 33 Mketsu, Z. 34 Kwashana, T.	e full-time. The Mayor and Speaker are pricuse of a Council owned vehicle and a drice of a Council owned vehicle and a drice of a Council owned vehicle and a drice owned vehicle owned vehicl	ANC	Mayor Ward 8 Speaker Ward 13 Executive Committee Ward 6 Executive Committee Ward 7 Executive Committee Ward 17 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 10 Executive Committee Ward 2 Ward Councilior 2 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 3 Ward Councilior 4 Ward Councilior 5 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 7 Ward Councilior 19 Ward Councilior 10 Ward Councilior 10 Ward Councilior 11 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 12 Ward Councilior 14 Ward Councilior 14 Ward Councilior 15 Pard Councilior 16 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 14 Proportional Ward 17 Proportional Ward 19 Proportional Ward 19 Proportional Ward 19 Proportional Ward 19	778 880 627 278 569 378 569 378 589 378 589 378 589 378 535 036 314 085 249 349	464 938 559 740 572 812 559 740 471 500 287 833 297 488 354 070 236 416 236 41

Certification by the Accounting Officer
I certify that the remanderation of Councilors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Policic Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

Signed: Accounting Officer

	NOTES TO THE PROMOTE STATEMENTS FOR THE TEX	AK ENDED 30 JUNE 2016	
25	DEBT IMPAIRMENT	2016	2015
	Trade Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 14 Trade Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 15	4 485 465 3 302 011	8 412 111 5 154 932
	Total Contribution to Debt Impairment	7 787 477	13 567 043
26	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
	Property Plant and Equipment	22 762 401	21 982 504
	Capitalised Restoration Cost Investment Property	7.5	951 638
	Intendible Assets	5 507 33 707	10 658 62 706
	Total Depreciation and Amortisation	22 801 615	23 007 505
27	FINANCE CHARGES		
	Landfill site		
	Long service awards	101 918	144 994 104 381
	Long-term Liabilities Post Employment Health	120 034	57 785
		400 101	479 769
	Total finance charges	622 053	786 929
28	REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE		
	Roads, Pavements & Bridges	1 436 506	1 245 268
	Storm water Electricity Transmission & Reticulation	122 209	324 142
	Street Lighting	1 401 761 719 681	337 847
	Water Reticulation	/19061	14 000 2 589 282
	Sanitation Reticulation		61 650
	Parks & gardens Sportsfields & stadia	14 000	234 894
	Cemeteries	101 027 450	2 879 477 536
	General vehicles	1 072 011	1 002 548
	Plant & equipment Furniture and other office equipment	436 992	2 642 510
	Civic Land and Buildings	69 440	65 476
		1 645 615	1 549 331
	Total repair and maintenance	7 019 692	10 547 363
	Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2		(5 261 393)
00		7 019 692	5 285 970
29	BULK PURCHASES		
	Electricity	15 628 893	14 809 208
	Total Bulk Purchases	15 628 893	14 809 208
30	OTHER OPERATING GRANT EXPENDITURE		
	Operating grant expenditure per vote		
	Budget and Treasury	4 259 905	3 715 617
	Corporate Services Electricity		33 077
	IPED	18 421 053	9 767 754
	Refuse	442 729 206 750	2 365 990 1 696 416
	Roads Transport Water and Sanitation	5 532 845	5 636 601
		-	-
	Total Operating grant expenditure	28 906 458	23 215 456

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR E	NDED 30 JUNE 2016	
GENERAL EXPENSES	2016	2015
Administration charges	R	R
Advertisements	670 490	21 562
Auditors Remuneration		383 513
Bank Charges	3 958 284	3 073 459
Books, Magazines & Publication	256 550	190 773
Chris Hani DM (Capital items)	18 202	15 113
Cleaning	107.070	1 678 589
Cleaning Materials	467 870	131 655
Conferences and Seminars	4 540 500	17 318
Congress Fee	1 540 580	1 177 122
Consulting and Professional fees	18 630	3 600
Consumables	1 880 744	1 545 007
Data Cleansing	71 851	33 764
Disaster Expenditure	115 657	9 529
Electricity Service Charges	609 069	879 924
Entertainment	405 639 312 171	349 294
Field Band Project	1 200 370	400 700
Fleet Management	19 958	482 736
FMS Expenditure and Licences	761 521	59 271 750 135
Fuel and oil	1 298 791	2 780 505
Insurance	1 297 677	1 108 081
Leanership	1237 077	82 400
Lease rentals on operating lease	361 828	398 628
Library Assets License Fees	001020	174 921
	488 508	484 262
Marketing Material Stores	896	137 821
Mayor Cup	59 001	1 337 564
Medical Exams	200 286	466 125
Network Infrastructure Improvement	1 140	220
New Connections	301 037	501 800
Pauper Burials	-	205
Plant Hire	19 860	2 650
PMS & IDP Compliance	51 200	69 757
Policies	477 804	387 234
Postage	162 610	261 001
Printing and stationery	7 999	10 348
Projects	1 458 251	1 670 164
Protective Clothing	3 440 047	2 584 221
Public participation	698 100	302 059
Refuse Bags	1 029 793	647 863
Relocation Cost	338 300	229 622
Revenue Enhancement	57 600	33 000
Revenue Enhancement Strategy	outerpress and	
Sanitation Green Drop	135 116	327 994
Security	5	29 250
Special Community Projects; example Youth day	2 953 986	1 765 575
Staff Tools Of Trade	1 568 593	1 644 573
Study Assistance		8 772
Subscription and Membership fees	200 000	226 576
Subsistence and Travel	977 618	779 950
Telephone and fax	2 466 531	2 265 456
Traditional Leaders Expenditure	1 881 570	1 553 796
Training	74 990	70 490
Transport and freight	471 455 617 933	665 040
Travel - local	4 571 798	558 434
Valuation Roll	57 750	5 217 194
Ward Committee cost	725 646	8 080
Water Blue Drop	725 040	463 342
Water Purification		86 044 818 809
Water samples Wellness Day	-	344 169
aveil 1655 Day	791 755	419 751
General Expenses		
Less: Transferred to Discontinued Operations - Note 50.2	41 553 053	41 726 110
General Expenses Continued	44 880 000	(7 156 318)
	41 553 053	34 569 792

CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3

32.01 Narratives of the corrections of errors

- (i) Amounts payable for trade creditors applicable for the 2014/15 financial year were received after the reporting period, with the result that the Payables from Exchange Transactions and Input VAT were understated and Accumulated Surplus overstated, This error is now rectified retrospectively with the following entries: (Dt) Accumulated Surplus R1 410 290.43. (Ct) Payables from Exchange transactions R1 476 722.01 and (Dt) VAT R66 431.58
- (iii) Credit amounts of R7 572.01, R229.72 and R437.20 respectively were included under Receivables from Exchange transactions during 2014/2015. This error is now corrected.
- (iii) Payments received in advance from debtors in the Billing System were incorrectly disclosed as Recivables- Exchange and Receivables Non Exchange Transactions it should have been disclosed as Payables from Exchange Transactions with the result that at the components were understated and therefore now corrected.
- (iv) A COAF was issued during the previous year audit to rectify assets. The previous errors are now corrected with the following entries: (Dt) Accumulated Surplus R377 251.51 (Dt) Other Assets -cost R184 000 (Ct) Accumulated Depreciation-Other Assets R502.39 (Ct)Accumulated Depreciation-Community Assets R560 749.12
- (v) First-time recognition of Community Youth Centrum -Erf 883 Dordrecht with the following entries: (Dt) PPE- Community Assets R1 398 881.64 (Ct)

 Accumulated Depreciation R97 921.71 (Ct) Accumulated Surplus-prior years -R1 314 948.74 (Dt) Accumulated Surplus-current year (depreciation) R13 988.82
- (vi) First-time recognition of Land and Buildings previously not in asset register. This error is now corrected with the following entries: (Dt) PPE-Land and Buildings R4 919 900, (Ct) Accumulated Depreciation R896 350 (Ct) Accumulated Surplus -prior years R4 151 600 (Dt) Accumulated Surplus -current year-(depreciation)
- (vii) First-time recognition of Other Assets found with the annual asset count previously not included in the asset register. This error is now retrospectively corrected with the following entries: PPE -Other Assets R247 870.96 (Ct) Accumulated Depreciation R117 867.26 (Ct) Accumulated Surplus -prior years R150 663.08 .(Dt) Accumulated Surplus current year (Depreciation) R20 659.36
- (viii Assets were last year incorrectly capitalised as work in progress. This error is now rectified with the following entries:(Dt) Accumulated Surplus -current year R401 832.17, (Ct) Accumulated Depreciation- Community Assets R391 208.65 (Ct) Accumulated Depreciation- Land and Buildings R10 623.52
- (ix) The municipality has unbundled numerous infrastructure items in the Asset register with the result that due to changes in the useful lives of components of some of the unbundled assets, the accumulated depreciation for infrastructure changed dramatically due to the retrospectively application of the correction of errors. The entries to correct the accumulated depreciation to reflect the correct book value of the assets as at the previous year, are as follows:

 (Dt) Accumulated Surplus-prior years R55 105 258 Accumulated Surplus current year- (depreciation) R360 331 and (Ct) Accumulated Depreciation
- (x) An error in the calculation of depreciation in a single item in the Land and Buildings assets register was found. The error is now corrected with the following entries: (Dt) Accumulated Surplus-prior year R16 129.03 (Dt) Accumulated Surplus-current year (depreciation) R16 129.03 and (Ct) Accumulated Depreciation Land and Buildings with R32 258.06

32.02	ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	2015 R	2014 R
	Balance previously reported Payables from Exchange Transactions - see note 33.01 (i) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(iv) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(v) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(vi) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(vii) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(viii) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(viii) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(xi) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(X) Property Plant and Equipment see note 33.01(X) Restated balance 30/06/2015	458 386 485 (1 410 290) (377 252) 1 300 960 4 023 550 130 004 (401 832) (55 465 589) (16 129	469 543 326 (377 252) 1 314 949 4 151 600 150 663 (55 105 258)
32.03	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	406 169 906 2015 R	2014 R
	Balance previously reported Accumulated Depreciation Community Assets - see note 33.01(iv) Accumulated Depreciation Other Assets - see note 33.01(iv) Other Assets - Cost-see note 33.01(iv) Community Assets- Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(v) Land and Buildings - cost- see note 33.01(vi) Land and Buildings - cost- see note 33.01(vi) Land and Buildings Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(vii) Other Assets - Cost-see note 33.01(vii) Other Assets accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(viii) Community Assets- Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(viii) Land and Buildings Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(viii) Community Assets- Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(viii) Land and Buildings - Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(viii) Land and Buildings-Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(ix) Land and Buildings-Accumulated Depreciation- see note 33.01(ix)	439 281 466 (502) (560 749) 184 000 1 398 882 (97 922) 1 078 400 3 841 500 (896 350) 247 871 (117 857) (10 624) (391 209) (55 465 589) (16 129)	422 240 399 (502) (560 749) 184 000 1 398 882 (83 933) 1 078 400 3 841 500 (768 300) 247 871 (97 208)
		388 475 178	372 375 101

32.04 PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS 15 803 079 1 476 722 8 239 Balance previously reported Accumulated Surplus -see note 33.01 (i) 15 077 414 Receivables from non Exchange Transactions-see note 33.01(ii) Receivables from non Exchange Transactions-see note 33.01(iii) Receivables from Exchange Transactions-see note 33.01(iii) 272 461 416 575 Restated balance 30/06/2015 17 977 076 15 077 414 32.05 VAT Balance previously reported Payables from Exchange transactions-see note 33.01(i) 2 077 852 2 522 476 66 432 Restated balance 30/06/2015 2 144 284 2 522 476 32.06 RECEIVABLES FROM NON EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS Balance previously reported 3 920 135 5 860 616 Payables from Exchange transactions-see note 33.01(iii) 272 461 Restated balance 30/06/2015 4 192 596 5 860 616 32.07 RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS 10 402 833 17 964 462 Payables from Exchange transactions-see note 33.01(ii) Payables from Exchange transactions-see note 33.01(iii) 8 239 416 575 Restated balance 30/06/2015 18 389 276 10 402 833 2015 2014 32.08 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE R R DEFICIT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED 11 156 838 Payables from Exchange Transactions - see note 33.01 (i) 1 410 290 Property Plant and Equipment-see notes 33.01 (ν)-(x) 940 990 **13 508 119** Restated balance 30/06/2015

	DECANOLIATION DETRICEN NET CUERT LICENSFIGIT FOR THE YEAR AND CACH GENERATER ADDRESS OF	2016	2015
33	RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR AND CASH GENERATED/(ABSORBED) BY OPERATIONS	R	R
	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	3 975 608	(13 508 119)
		3 37 3 000	(15 505 119)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation/Amortisation Gan on disposal of property, plant and equipment	22 801 615 (359 990)	23 007 507
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	9 191 107	1 142 617
	Contributed Assets Impairment Loss	(259 000)	(346 075)
	Impairment (Reversals)	(635 644)	9 247 688 (10 341)
	Contribution from/to provisions - Non-Current	410 760	1 733 719
	Contribution from/to provisions - Non-Current - Expenditure incurred Contribution from/to provisions - Non-Current - Actuarial gains	(160 003) (164 568)	(115 773) (926 454)
	Contribution to provisions – current	(3 956 293)	4 825 345
	Contribution to provisions – current - Expenditure incurred	3 923 962	(3 043 206)
	Debt Impairment Operating lease income / (expenses) accrued	7 787 477	13 567 042
	The second secon	(5 330)	(14 194)
	Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before changes in working capital Changes in working capital	42 549 701 4 685 492	35 559 756 (17 406 697)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Payables from exchange transactions	3 832 083	2 899 665
	Increase/(Decrease) in Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	808 741	(1 452 636)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Increase/(Decrease) in Taxes	(4.452.645)	34 684
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	(4 453 645)	378 190 618 865
	(Increase)/Decrease in Receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions	4 498 313	(19 885 465)
	Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations	47 235 193	18 153 059
34	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:		
	Call Investments Deposits - Note 17	26 023 440	28 563 011
	Cash Floats - Note 17 Bank - Note 17	20 252	21 142
	Total cash and cash equivalents	2 251 871	3 192 247
	•	28 295 562	31 776 400
35	RECONCILIATION OF AVAILABLE CASH AND INVESTMENT RESOURCES		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Note 34	28 295 562	31 776 400
	Less:	28 295 562	31 776 400
	Unspent Committed Conditional Grants - Note 7	1 157 442	348 701
	Resources available for working capital requirements	1 157 442 27 138 120	348 701 31 427 699
	Allocated to:		31 427 033
	Current Employee Benefits Non-Current Provisions	7 129 458	7 097 272
	Resources available for working capital requirements	10 525 917 9 482 745	11 514 635 12 815 792
00		3 402 140	12 010 732
36	UTILISATION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES RECONCILIATION		
	Long-term Liabilities - Note 2	648 349	810 383
	Used to finance property, plant and equipment - at cost	(648 349)	(810 383)
	Cash set aside for the repayment of long-term liabilities		
	Cash invested for repayment of long-term liabilities		
	Once term liabilities have been utilized in accordance with the Maria Land		
	Long-term liabilities have been utilized in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.		

UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED

Unauthorised expenditure Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure:

37

37.1

Opening balance
Unauthorised expenditure for the year - capital
Unauthorised expenditure for the year - operating
Written off by council

Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation

12 624 240

9 856 654 (9 856 654)

2015

12 624 240

Unauthorised expenditure on operating votes is mainly due to depreciation and debt impairment charges

Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings
Over expenditure on approved operational and capital budget.	None; report has been presented to Council

capital budget.				
	2016 R (Actual)	2016 R (Budget)	2016 R (Variance)	2016 R (Unauthorised)
Unauthorised expenditure current year - operating Budget and Treasury Office Community and Social Services Corporate Services Electricity Executive and Council Housing Planning and Development Public Safety Refuse Road Transport Sport and Recreation Water Waste Water Management Waste Management	40 037 381 16 399 371 17 997 709 36 977 286 33 347 651 1 251 842 5 814 726 1 530 396 37 397 353 1 103 526 10 573 558 202 430 797	31 154 184 17 221 118 18 131 416 42 001 984 34 146 147 1 257 070 5 949 924 1 532 453 41 903 312 1 158 771 6 832 513 201 288 892	8 883 196 (821 747) (133 707) (5 024 698) (798 496) (5 228) (135 198) (2 057) - (4 505 959) (55 245) - 3 741 045 (2 599 138)	8 883 196 - - - - - - - - - 3 741 045 12 624 240 2016
Unauthorised expenditure current year - capital	2016 R (Actual)	R (Budget)	R (Variance)	R (Unauthorised)
Budget and Treasury Community and Social Services Corporate Services Executive and Council IPED Technical Services		838 000 14 265 613 8 218 000 5 976 655 1 210 000 13 439 574	(838 000) (14 265 613) (8 218 000) (5 976 655) (1 210 000) (13 439 574)	
	-	43 947 842	(43 947 842)	-

37		UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDIN	TURE DISALLOWED (Continued)	2016	2015
	37.2	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure	,	R	R
		Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure:			
		Opening balance		68 040	17 146 721
		Fruitless and wasteful expenditure the year Written off by council		18 446 (17 183)	68 040 (17 146 721)
		Recovered Fruitless and wasteful expenditure the year		(7)	-
		Fruitiess and wasteful expenditure awaiting further action Incident	isciplinary steps/criminal proceedings	69 296	68 040
		Interest was paid to Eskom and Telkom	Investigated	1 263	
		Interest and penalties were paid on Eskom and Telkom accounts Interest was paid to Eskom and Telkom prior year	Written off None	-	7
		W.Mkuyana-salary paid incorrectly	To be recovered	68 033 69 296	68 033 68 040
				- U3 230	00 040
	37.3	Irregular expenditure			
		Reconciliation of irregular expenditure:			
		Opening balance Irregular expenditure for the year		73 498 943 7 217 045	132 804 408 20 259 703
		irregular expenditure for the prior year			
		Written off Imegular expenditure awaiting further action		(80 715 988)	(79 565 168) 73 498 943
		SCM procedures not followed current year No	isciplinary steps/criminal proceedings		17 785 496
			one one		1 604 746 869 461
		SCM procedures not followed prior year In	vestigated	4 000 055	53 239 242
			Initien off	4 362 655 2 854 391	
	37.4	Material Losses		7 217 045	73 498 945
		Electricity distribution losses Units purchased (Kwh)		12 985 655	14 531 976
		Units sold (Kwh) Units lost during distribution (Kwh)		7 434 124	8 926 336
		Percentage lost during distribution		5 551 531 42.74%	5 605 640 38.57%
38		ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANA	GEMENT ACT		
	38.1	Contributions to organised local government - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)] - SALG	SA CONTRIBUTIONS		
		Opening balance Council subscriptions		-	
		Amount paid - current year		500 000 (500 000)	506 000 (506 000)
		Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors)			
		Dalance angula (mondada m dicultors)			
4	38.2	Audit fees - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)] Opening balance			
		Current year audit fee		3 958 284	2 989 417
		External Audit - Auditor-General		3 958 284	2 989 417
		Amount paid - current year		(3 958 284)	(2 989 417)
		Balance unpaid (included in creditors)			-
;	38.3	VAT - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)] Opening balance			
		Amounts received - current year		(2 093 628) 7 271 186	1 070 930 5 223 304
		Amounts received - previous years Amounts claimed - current year		1 262 752	1 702 885
		Closing balance - (Receivable) / Payable		(10 391 357)	(10 090 747)
		VAT is psychle/sessivable as the seek had a larger than		(0 301 044)	(2 000 020)
		VAT is payable/receivable on the cash basis. VAT is only paid over to SARS from SARS once payment is made to creditors.	S once cash is received from debtors and only claimed		
3	38.4	PAYE, SDL and UIF - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]			
		Opening balance		949 831	-
		Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions Amount paid - current year		9 379 047 (10 328 878)	9 606 870 (8 657 039)
		Balance unpaid (included in creditors)		-	949 831
3	38.5	Pension and Medical Aid Deductions - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]			
		Opening balance Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions			
		Amount paid - current year		12 478 870 (12 478 870)	11 296 347 (11 296 347)
		Balance unpaid (included in creditors)			-

38 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT (CONTINUED)

38.6 Councillor's arrear consumer accounts - [MFMA 124 (1)(b)]

The following Councillors had arrear accounts for more than 90 days as at 30 June:

	2016 R Outstanding more than 90 days	2015 R Outstanding more than 90 days
Komani, B.	51 591	25 214
Godia, M	162	
Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts	51 753	25 214

Councillor Komani's account has been handed over for collection. Councillor Godla's property has been sold to Mr LM Ngcongca however the property has not been transfered and thus Councillor Godla still reflects as the debtor on the system.

38.7 Other non-compliance (MFMA 125(2)(e))

Terms of Section 65(2)(e) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No 56 of 2003) (MFMA). Some Creditors were not paid within 30 days.

38.8 Non-Compliance with Chapter 11 of the Municipal Finance Management Act

In terms of section 36 of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations any deviation from the Supply Chain Management Policy needs to be approved/condoned by the Municipal Manager and noted by Council.

	Deviations (Sole Suppliers) approved by Municipal Manager	Total Suppliers	Amount 1 716 507
39	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	R	R
	Commitments in respect of capital expenditure:		
	Approved and contracted for: Infrastructure Community Other	4 690 800 4 690 800 - -	17 555 426 17 555 426 -
	Approved but not yet contracted for	-	
	Total	4 690 800	17 555 426
	This expenditure will be financed from: External Loans Capital Replacement Reserve Government Grants Total	4 690 800	17 555 426 17 555 426

40 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

2016

2015

The activities of the municipality expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (comprising fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The municipality's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the municipality's financial performance.

(a) Foreign Exchange Currency Risk

The municipality did not engage in any foreign currency transaction.

(b) Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to price risk.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

As the municipality has significant interest-bearing liabilities, the entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates.

The municipality analyses its potential exposure to interest rate changes on a continuous basis. Different scenarios are simulated which include refinancing, renewal of current positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarios, the entity calculates the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the surplus/deficit for the year. These scenarios are only simulated for liabilities which constitute the majority of interest bearing liabilities.

The municipality did not hedge against any interest rate risks during the current year.

The potential impact on the entity's surplus/deficit for the year due to changes in interest rates were as follow:

1% (2012 - 0.5%) Increase in interest rates 0.5% (2012 - 0.5%) Decrease in interest rates

2016 2015 R R 161 964 356 705 (80 982) (178 353)

(d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial or non-financial asset will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk consist mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and unpaid conditional grants and subsidies.

Receivables are disclosed net after provisions are made for impairment and bad debts. Trade debtors comprise of a large number of ratepayers, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these debtors. Credit risk pertaining to trade and other debtors is considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of debtors and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer debtors the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of debtors whose accounts become in arrears, Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levying of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy.

The credit quality of receivables are assessed on individual debtors basis. The accounts are then impaired on a individual basis based on the risk profile/credit quality associated with that individual account.

All rates and services are payable within 30 days from invoice date. Refer to note 14 and 15 for all balances outstanding longer than 30 days. These balances represent all debtors at year end which defaulted on their credit terms. Also refer to note 14 for balances included in receivables that were re-negotiated for the period under review.

40 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Balances past due not impaired:	2016	2016	2015	2015
	%	R	%	R
Non-Exchange Receivables Rates and other receivables	100.00%	2 826 452	100.00%	4 192 596
Exchange Receivables Electricity Refuse Other	41.93%	3 132 116	15.21%	2 796 531
	-69.05%	(5 157 721)	-26.84%	(4 935 192)
	127.12%	9 495 235	111.63%	20 527 937
	100.00%	7 469 630	100.00%	18 389 276

No receivables are pledged as security for financial liabilities.

Due to the short term nature of receivables the carrying value disclosed in note 14 and 15 of the financial statements is an approximation of its fair value. Interest on overdue balances are included at prime lending rate plus 1% where applicable.

The provision for bad debts could be allocated between the different classes of debtors as follows:

	2016 %	2016 R	2015 %	2015 R
Non-Exchange Receivables Rates and other receivables	100.00%	11 257 775	100.00%	7 955 764
Exchange Receivables Electricity Refuse Other	2.54% 92.57% 4.89%	1 063 603 38 774 125 2 050 423 41 888 150	1.99% 97.39% 0.61%	798 468 39 015 633 246 186 40 060 287
	100.0078	41 000 100	100,0	40 000 201

An amount of R 3 285 568 debt was written of - (see also note 15)

The entity only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing. An amount of R100 000 is pledge as security on call deposits with Standard Bank. Although the credit risk pertaining to cash and cash equivalents are considered to be low, the maximum exposure are disclosed below.

The entity has no non-current investment transactions.

The banks utilised by the municipality for current and non-current investments are all listed on the JSE. The credit quality of these institutions are evaluated based on their required SENS releases as well as other media reports. Based on all public communications, the financial sustainability is evaluated to be of high quality and the credit risk pertaining to these institutions are considered to be low.

The risk pertaining to unpaid conditional grants and subsidies are considered to be very low. Amounts are receivable from national and provincial government and there are no expectations of counter party default.

All receivables are individually evaluated annually at Statement of Financial Position date for impairment.

Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end are as follows:
Receivables from exchange transactions
Receivables from non-exchange transactions
Cash and Cash Equivalents
Unpaid conditional grants and subsidies

2016 R	2015 R		
7 469 630	18 389 276		
2 826 452	4 192 596		
28 295 562	31 776 400		
	_		
38 591 644	54 358 272		

40 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(e) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under credit lines.

The entity's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The entity manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
2016				
Long Term liabilities - Finance Lease Liability	352 890	320 076		
Capital repayments Interest	279 801 73 089	295 485 24 591		
Long Term liabilities - Hire purchase Lease Liability	76 491		-	-
Capital repayments Interest	73 063 3 429	0 (0)	:	-
Trade and Other Payables	20 351 204	-	-	-
Unspent conditional government grants and receipts	1 157 442 21 938 026	320 076		-
2015	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
				Over 10 Years
2015 Long Term liabilities - Finance Lease Liability Capital repayments Interest	year			Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities - Finance Lease Liability Capital repayments Interest	year 232 895 203 916			Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities - Finance Lease Liability Capital repayments Interest Long Term liabilities - Hire purchase Lease Liability Capital repayments	232 895 203 916 28 979	years - - -		Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities - Finance Lease Liability Capital repayments Interest Long Term liabilities - Hire purchase Lease Liability	232 895 203 916 28 979 133 825	years 256 499 234 735		:

41

42

43

44

4		FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		2016 R	2015 R		
•							
		In accordance with GRAP 104 the financial instruments of the municipality	y are classified as follows:				
		The fair value of financial instruments approximates the amortised costs as reflected below.					
	41.1	Financial Assets	Classification				
		Investments Fixed Deposits Receivables	Financial instruments at amortised cost	-	-		
		Receivables from exchange transactions Receivables from non-exchange transactions Other Receivables	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	7 469 630 2 826 452	18 389 276 4 192 596		
		Government Subsidies and Grants Short-term Investment Deposits	Financial instruments at amortised cost	•	-		
		Cali Deposits Bank Balances and Cash	Financial instruments at amortised cost	26 023 440	28 563 011		
		Bank Balances Cash Floats and Advances	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	2 251 871 20 252 38 591 644	3 192 247 21 142 54 358 272		
		SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS					
		Financial instruments at amortised cost		38 591 644	54 358 272		
		At amortised cost		38 591 644	54 358 272		
	41.2	Financial Liability	Classification				
		Long-term Liabilities					
		Capitalised Lease Liability Hire Purchase Payables from exchange transactions	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	295 485 0	473 860 73 062		
		Trade Payables Third party payables (Payroll) Payments received in advance-pre paid electricity Sundry Deposits Sundry Creditors Other Payables	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	16 083 803 16 339 210 486 21 640 94 608	10 684 264 1 035 923 89 579 11 900 1 259 180		
		Government Subsidies and Grants Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	Financial instruments at amortised cost	1 157 442	348 701		
		Capitalised Lease Liability Hire Purchase	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	279 801 73 063 22 367 481	190 510 72 950 18 447 124		
		SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL LIABILITY Financial instruments at amortised cost		22 367 481	18 447 124		
2		EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE					
		None					
3		IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE					
		None					
4		PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS					

Council has not entered into any private public partnerships during the financial year.

45	CONTINGENT LIABILITY	2016	2015
	The municipality is being sued by Mgumane for damages whereby the claimant allegedly suffered constitutional damages.	1 000 000	15 000
	The Municipality is being sued by D S O'Relly for damages suffered due to negligence by the municipality in failing to maintain and monitor the structure of the dam wall and dam outlet of Hogsett Dam.	50 000	100 000
	Ex Gratia Gratuities are payable regarding contracts for Sec. 56 Managers on termination of contract.	1 261 432	1 155 311
	Claims against Council	2 311 432	1 270 311
	In all the above cases a possible obligation to pay for the events remain at 30 June 2016, but uncertainty prevails of the actual time of the actu	the outflow of funds.	
46	CONTINGENT ASSETS		
	A fraud case occurred after AFS was submitted to the amount of R332 186.94. Claims by Council	322 187 322 187	322 187 322 187

In all the above cases, possible recovery of funds remain at 30 June 2016, but uncertainty prevails of the actual time of the inflow of funds.

47 RELATED PARTIES

Key Management and Councillors receive and pay for services on the same terms and conditions as other ratepayers / residents.

The rates, service charges and other charges are in accordance with approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No bad debt expenses have been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

47.1 Related Party Loans

None

47.2 Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation of key management personnel is set out in note 23 to the Annual Financial Statements.

47.3 Other related party transactions

The following entity exist during the year where Councillors or staff have an interest:

Councillor/Staff Member	Entity	Amount of Transactions	Payments made	Outstanding Payments
P Greyling	UNIVERSAL GARAGE	R 227 578.48	R 227 578.48	R 0.00
M Dyubele	E.N Dyubele Builders	R 255 499.00	R 255 499.00	R 0.00
N Ziduli	Khazimla Holdings (Pty) LTD	R 135 555.71	R 135 555.71	R 0.00

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48.1

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Municipality acted as Water Service Provider (WSP) for the provision of water and sanitation services on behalf of the Water Service Authority, Chris Hani District Municipality. The Water Service Authority resolved to resume full accountability for the Revenue functions as from 1 July 2014.

The effect of Discontinued Operations on the Statement of Financial Position is as follows: <u>Liabilities associated with Discontinued Operations</u>	2016	2015
Employee Benefits Post Retirement Benefits - Refer to Note 3.1 Long Service Awards - Refer to Note 3.2 Total Non-current Employee Benefit Liabilities	<u> </u>	1 147 585 237 027 1 384 612
Post Retirement Benefits Balance 1 July Contribution for the year Interest Cost	1 147 585	1 003 746 123 413 92 246
Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss/(Gain) Recoverd Total post retirement benefits 30 June	(1 147 585)	(71 820) 1 147 585
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 3.1 Balance 30 June	-	1 147 585
Long Service Awards Balance 1 July Contribution for the year	237 027	264 040 49 738 19 295
Interest Cost Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss/(Gain) Recovered Total long service 30 June	(237 027)	(24 079) 308 994 (71 967)
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 3.2 Balance 30 June	-	237 027
TOTAL NON-CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS Balance 1 July Contribution for the year Interest cost	1 384 612	1 267 786 173 151 111 541
Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss/(Gain) Recovered Total employee benefits 30 June	(1 384 612)	(95 899) 1 456 579 (71 967)
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 3.1 Balance 30 June	(1 384 612)	1 384 612
CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 5 Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 5 Provision for Staff Leave Note 5 Staff Bonuses accrued Note 5 Total Current Employee Benefits	(71 967) (672 181) (137 104) (881 252)	71 967 672 181 137 104 881 252
The movement in current employee benefits is reconciled as follows: Note 5 Provision for Staff Leave		587 888
Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion Expenditure incurred Recovered	(672 181)	84 293
Balance at end of year	(672 181)	672 181
Staff Bonuses accrued Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion	_	107 372
Expenditure incurred Recovered Balance at end of year	(137 104) (137 104)	137 104
Total Liabilities associated with Discontinued Operations	(2 265 864)	2 265 864
Assets associated with Discontinued Operations Trade Receivables from exchange transactions		
Water Sewerage	:	32 816 228 36 083 924
Total: Trade receivables from exchange transactions (before provision) - Note 15 Less: Provision for impairments - Note 15 Water Sewerage		68 900 152 (68 900 152) (32 816 228) (36 083 924)
VAT Total: Trade receivables from exchange transactions (after provision) - Note 15 Total: Assets associated with Discontinued Operations	-	
5- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1-		

48.2	The effect of Discontinued Operations on the S	statement of Financial Performance is as follows:	2016	2015
	Revenue from Exchange Transactions			
	Service Charges Less: Rebates			
	Total Service Charges - Note 21		-	-
	Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors Actuarial Gains	Note 22	-	:
	Other Income	Note 23	-	22 393 720
	Total Revenue		-	22 393 720
	EXPENDITURE			
	Employee related costs	Note 24		9 976 009
	Debt Impairment	Note 26	-	-
	Depreciation and Amortisation	Note 27 Note 29	1.7	5 261 393
	Repairs and Maintenance Other Operating Grant Expenditure	Note 31	-	0201000
	General Expenses	Note 32	-	7 156 318
	Total Expenditure		-	22 393 720
	NET SURPLUS / (DEFECIT) FOR THE YEAR		-	-

APPENDIX A - Unaudited
EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY
SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

HIRE PURCHASE 9.00% 43454526/0007 2017/06/01 Total Hire Purchase 9.00% 43454526/0007 2017/06/01 LEASE LIABILITY Aloe Office & Business Solutions Aloe Office & Business Solutions FINTECH 17.39% 2018/05/26 FINTECH 9.75% 2018/06/11		Rate	Loan	Redeemable	Balance at 30 JUNE 2015		Balance at 1 JULY 2015	Received during the	Adjustments	Interest portion	Redeemed or Balance at 30 written off JUNE 2016 during the	Balance at 30 JUNE 2016
9.00% 43454526/0007 17.39% 17.72% 9.75%							Restated	period		at period end	period	
17.39% 17.72% 9.75%	PURCHASE ard Bank	8.00%	43454526/0007		146 012	ı	146 012	ı	1		72 950	73 062
17.39% 17.72% 9.75%	Hire Purchase				146 012	1	146 012		•		72 950	73 062
17.39% 17.72% 9.75%	ELIABILITY											
0/ O 1:0	office & Business Solutions ffice & Business Solutions CH	17.39%		2018/05/26 2018/06/11	377 086 287 284	1 1	377 086 287 284		1 1		109 205	267 881 205 979
Total Lease Liabilities	Total Lease Liabilities			2010004123	664 370		664 370	134 054	,		32 629 223 138	101 425
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				810 382	•	810 382	134 054	•	1	296 088	648 348

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SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016 MUNICIPAL VOTES CLASSIFICATION EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY APPENDIX B - Unaudited

2015	2015	2015		2016	2016	2016
Actual	Actual	Surplus/		Actual	Actual	Surplus/
Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)		Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)
œ	œ	∞		R	œ	R
100 933 507	(27 010 993)		73 922 514 Budget and Treasury	125 516 195	(40 037 381)	85 478 814
2 054 992	(13 307 652)	_	11 252 661) Community Services	1 863 327	(17 502 897)	(15 639 570)
68 161	(19 134 228)	Ŭ	(19 066 067) Corporate Services	140 556	(17 997 709)	(17 857 153)
6 545 075	(18 974 028)	(12 428 953) Council	Council	000 668 9	(22 454 415)	(16 055 415)
20 114 962	(38 020 342)	(17 905 380) Electricity	Electricity	30 324 445	(38 507 682)	(8 183 237)
107 300	(7 600 901)	(7 493 601) Executive	Executive	51 410	(10 893 236)	(10 841 826)
1	(882 840)	(882 840)	(882 840) Housing Services	33 550	(1 251 842)	(1 218 292)
157 622	(7 473 558)	(7 315 937) IPED	IPED	56 295	(5 814 726)	(5 758 431)
6 413 638	(17 285 845)	(10 872 206) Refuse	Refuse	7 374 857	(10 573 558)	(3 198 701)
34 839 155	(35 052 143)	(212 988)	(212 988) Roads Transport	34 693 788	(37 397 353)	(2 703 565)
22 393 720	(22 393 720)	1	Water and Sanitation	(47 016)	ľ	(47 016)
						1
193 628 131	(207 136 250)	(13 508 119)	Sub Total	206 406 407	(202 430 798)	3 975 608
1	í	1		1	1	1
193 628 131	(207 136 250)	(13 508 119)	Total	206 406 407	(202 430 798)	3 975 608

APPENDIX C - Unaudited
EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY

SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016 GENERAL FINANCE STATISTIC CLASSIFICATIONS

3 975 608	(202 430 798)	206 406 407	Total	(13 508 119)	(207 136 250)	193 628 131
1						
1	•	1	Other	1	•	1
(6 /20 196)	(36 977 286)	30 257 090	Electricity	(17348289)	(37 458 326)	20 110 037
17	1	27	Water	ļ	(18 981 971)	18 981 971
(2 703 565)	(37 397 353)	34 693 788	Road Transport	(212988)	(35 052 143)	34 839 155
(47 043)	1	(47 043)	Waste Water Management	1	(3 411 749)	3 411 749
(3 198 701)	(10 573 558)	7 374 857	Waste Management	(10872206)	(17285845)	6 413 638
(1 102 738)	(1 103 526)	788	Sport and Recreation	(938 730)	(938 730)	1
(1 463 041)	(1 530 396)	67 355	Public Safety	(557091)	(562 016)	4 925
(1 218 292)	(1 251 842)	33 220	Housing	(882 840)	(882 840)	,
(14 536 832)	(16 399 371)	1 862 539	Community and Social Services	(10 313 931)	(12 368 923)	2 054 992
1	1	1	Health	1		1
(5 758 431)	(5 8 1 4 7 2 6)	56 295	Planning and Development	(7 315 937)	(7 473 558)	157 622
(17 857 153)	(17 997 709)	140 556	Corporate Services	(19 066 067)	(19 134 228)	68 161
85 478 814	(40 037 381)	125 516 195	Budget and Treasury Office	73 922 514	(27 010 993)	100 933 507
(26 897 241)	(33 347 651)	6 450 410	Executive and Council	(19 922 554)	(26 574 929)	6 652 375
						:
2	æ	œ		02	~	02
(Deficit)	Expenditure	Income		(Deficit)	Expenditure	Income
Surbins/	Actual	Actual		Surplus/	Actual	Actual
2016	2016	2016		2015	2015	2015

APPENDIX D - Unaudited EMALAHLENI MUNICIPALITY DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003

							Operating	Capital		Unspent	Unbaid
Clark Hand			Restated				expenditure	expenditure		9	30 JUNE 2016
GOVERNMENT SPANTS AND DECEMBER	Balance	Corrections	Balance 1		Total Grants	Write Offs /	during	during	Balance		
CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	T JULY Z015	Prior year	014	Received	Available	Transfers	the year	the year	30 JUNE 2016	Current	Current
							Transferred	Transferred		Liability	Asset
							to revenue	to revenue			
	œ	04	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ	Ω	Ω
National Government Grants	43 176	•	43 176	173 568 000	173 611 176	1	142 996 476	30 614 700		:	:
Equitable stiale	•	1	1	116 537 000	116 537 000	1	116 537 000	'	1		
Local Government Financial Management Grant (FMG)	1	•	ı	1 875 000	1 875 000	•	1 875 000	r	ľ	1	1
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		1	1	32 226 000	32 226 000	1	1 611 300	30 614 700	,		1
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant (MSIG)	1	1	1	930 000	930 000	1	930 000	1	1		1
Department of water affairs and forestry (DWAF)	43 176	1	43 176		43 176	1	43 176	1	1	1	1
integrated National Electrification Grant (INEP)	1	1		21 000 000	21 000 000	1	21 000 000	1	ı	,	1
Extended Public Works Program (EPWP)	ı	1	1	1 000 000	1 000 000	1	1 000 000	1	1	1	1
Provincial Government Grante	101										
ED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	305 525		305 525	1 733 000	2 038 525	1	881 083	'	1 157 442	1 157 442	
	31 4/0	1	31 470		31 470		31 470	1		ı	
Libral Designment	274 055	L	274 055	803 000	1 077 055	1	849 613	1	227 442	227 442	.1
ruial Developillen	1	ı	1	930 000	930 000	ı			930 000	930 000	
District Municipality Grants		٠		1 312 000	1 312 000	,	1 312 000	•		1	
Greenest Municipality Grant	i.	1	'	200 000	200 000	,	200 001	1	1		1 1
Paving and beautification	1	1	1	1 000 000	1 000 000		1 000 000		-	,	,
Indigent Application Project	1	1	1	112 000	112 000	1	112 000	1	1	1	t
lotal	348 701	1	348 701	176 613 000	176 961 701	1	145 189 559	30 614 700	1 157 441	1 157 442	